

**STANDARD
DISINFECTANT**
THE WORLD'S BEST DISINFECTANT
AND DEODERISER.

1 GALL. TIN \$2.15
50 GALL. BARREL OR DRUM, \$1.60 per gall.

Obtainable from

C. E. WARREN & CO., LTD.
CHINA BUILDING or from
Godown, 216. Wan Chai Road.

For The Standard Disinfectant Co., Ltd.
1 Gall. Tin \$2.15
50 Gall. Barrel or Drum \$1.60 per gall.

POUNDED 1921
NO. 22,876

二拜禮 三月九英港香 TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 3, 1929. 日一初月八 55 PER ANNUM
SINGLE COPY 10 CENTS

Dollar on Demand—1/11.3/10d.
Lighting up Times—6.39 p.m.
High Water—10.21 p.m. 59
Low Water—3.50 p.m.

1929 Model T-19 G.M.C. Truck
Chassis have a 6-cylinder Motor
which develops 58 horse power.
They have 4-wheel brakes, 4-speed
transmission, etc.

2-tons maximum payload capacity.

127-3/4" chassis ... HK\$2,500.00

145-3/4" chassis ... HK\$2,650.00

THE DRAGON MOTOR CAR CO., LTD.

Telephone Central 1264 or 1267.
33 Weag Nai Chung Road... Happy Valley.

**BUDGET ESTIMATES.
COLONY'S EXPENDITURE
FOR YEAR 1930.**

**BIG STRIDES IN WATER WORKS
CONTEMPLATED.**

MUCH HEAVIER OUTLAY.

A new Public Works Loan to cover the cost of big development schemes on which the Government is embarked, or has already begun, is foreshadowed in a number of resolutions which will be submitted to the Legislative Council on Thursday by the Hon. Colonial Secretary (the Hon. Mr. W. T. Southern, C.M.G.).

A million dollars is to be spent next year on the Aberdeen reservoir scheme, and the cost will be met from surplus balances until the new loan has been issued. The loan will also allow progress with the Shing Mun Scheme, on which \$4,737,659 in all will be spent, and of the Kai Tak Aerodrome, for which the sum of \$1,689,467 will be authorised.

The estimates of expenditure for 1930, an abstract of which has been made available this morning, reveal that a heavier outlay under nearly all heads is contemplated.

The Medical Department is estimated to cost the Colony \$230,000 more than last year, and \$492,000 more than the actual expenditure for 1927.

Other big increases are \$400,000 for the Kowloon-Canton Railway, £190,000 for the Police Force, \$130,000 for the Fire Brigade, bringing, it is hoped, much needed improvements, \$214,000 for the Harbour Department, \$113,000 for the Imports and Exports Department, \$90,000 for Education, and \$500,000 for Public Works, Recurrent and Extraordinary.

Three new items of expenditure are included in the Estimates, the most interesting of which is an amount of \$201,000 for "Air Services." It is likely, we believe, that this sum includes provision for financial support of the Seaplane Flying Club. Other new items are \$120,000 for Wireless Telegraph Services, and \$25,000 for the Royal Naval Volunteer Reserve.

NEW PUBLIC WORKS LOAN PLANNED

The Budget will be introduced into the Legislative Council on Thursday in the form of an Ordinance to apply a sum not exceeding \$22,931,479 to the Public Service of the year 1930, which does not include the contribution to the Imperial Government in aid of Military Expenditure and Charges on account of Public Debt.

The sum is to be expended as follows, the corresponding estimates for the year 1929 being those in brackets:

	1929.	1930.
His Excellency the Governor	103,617	(101,363)
Customs and Excise	362,504	(363,666)
Sector and Agricultural Staff	242,077	(236,163)
Colonial Clerical Service	758,895	(725,021)
Colonial Secretary's Department and Legislature	46,909	(41,198)
Secretary for China	15,352	(13,360)
Treasury	16,628	(16,160)
Admiralty	49,300	(49,299)
Post Office, North	23,424	(23,299)
Post Office, South	13,416	(13,259)
Post Office Telegraph	308,835	(307,140)
Wireless Telegraph	120,708	(118,111)
Imports and Exports Office	866,436	(765,740)
Harbour Department	956,345	(782,182)
Public Works, Recurrent	201,000	(198,300)
Post Office	1,162	(1,160)
Fire Brigade	350,664	(326,751)
Supreme Court	153,670	(142,043)
Attorney General's Office	34,918	(32,718)
Official Receiver	13,255	(10,175)
Land Office	25,144	(24,075)
Magistracy, Civil	2,280	(2,264)
Magistracy, Kowloon	2,188	(2,182)
Police Force	2,150,235	(1,667,525)
Prison Department	656,584	(549,364)
Harbour Department	1,209,613	(1,070,369)
Statistical and Forestry Department	791,263	(631,360)
Education Department	107,496	(100,894)
Public Works Department	1,349,691	(1,269,227)
Public Works, Extraordinary	1,654,473	(1,649,697)
Public Works, Recurrent	1,787,650	(1,599,650)
Kowloon-Canton Railway	3,840,766	(3,419,600)
Vestments	1,234,270	(1,111,444)
Royal Naval Volunteer Reserve	26,403	(—)
Maritime Services	1,351,995	(1,332,260)
Charitable Services	106,704	(101,260)
Pensions	918,000	(874,000)
Total	21,031,479	(20,011,262)

Shing Mun Scheme.

At the same meeting the Colonial Secretary will move:

(a) That this Council approves the construction of the works connected with the Shing Mun Valley Water Supply Scheme as set out in Appendix VI (a), Head 1, Sub-Head 1, of the draft estimates of

The Hongkong Telegraph.

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**PRIME MINISTER'S
PROMISE.**

**NAVAL DISARMAMENT
AGREEMENT.**

**A GUARDED STATEMENT TO
JOURNALISTS.**

THE TRIP TO AMERICA.

Geneva, Sept. 2.

An interesting statement was made by Mr. Ramsay MacDonald today, in the course of an address to a gathering of journalists after the opening session of the Assembly of the League of Nations.

The Prime Minister will be hoped to go to the United States this autumn, but he could not yet definitely whether it would be possible for him to do so. The British Labour Government had not a majority in the House of Commons, and it was facing tremendously difficult national problems, so that it was very difficult for a Prime Minister to be out of Britain when the House was meeting.

Way Out of Problems.

In regard to naval disarmament questions, Mr. MacDonald said: "I believe we are going to find a way out of the problems to which up to now there has been no solution. Conversations are still going on between General Dawes, the American Ambassador in London, and myself. We are examining every proposal which is likely to bring the conversation to a successful termination, and the result of our conversations up to Saturday, when I left England, is to make an agreement which means nothing to the rest of the world.

"We are both put for an agreement that will mean as much to the rest of the world as to ourselves. The proposal, therefore, was that any agreement between the United States and Britain should be pursued with other Powers, and that anything to which Great Britain and America might agree separately between themselves should be entirely provisional until the other Powers had adjusted it to their needs and from a conference with the other Powers a more comprehensive agreement had been reached.

Mr. Ramsay MacDonald gave an assurance that nothing was going on that was aimed at a foreign country, nor would anything be put up to other countries as a bait.

The proposal, therefore, was that any agreement between the United States and Britain should be pursued with other Powers, and that anything to which Great Britain and America might agree separately between themselves should be entirely provisional until the other Powers had adjusted it to their needs and from a conference with the other Powers a more comprehensive agreement had been reached.

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Before You Go into the Water.
Go to YEE SANG FAT.

For a

BATHING COSTUME
For MEN, LADIES, CHILDREN.

YEE SANG FAT.

DOES YOUR ROOF LEAK?
DON'T WORRY!

VALDURA

Asphalt Paint

or

GRAPHILATUM CEMENT.

IS

THE REMEDY

Without obligation, Consult us about
your troubles.

SHEWAN TOMES & CO.

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Light
MILD
and
GOOD

Try one
at

Yours Truly

22, Des Voeux Rd. C. (Phone: C. 1856)

In my
climate



Children thrive well if
nourished by SCOTT'S
Emulsion which en-
riches the blood and
prevents childhood
ailments. Ask for

**SCOTT'S
Emulsion**

SALESMAN SAM



A Grand Opening

GREAT OPENING?
SAY, HOW DO YOU
FIGURE. HE CAN GET
ANY PLACE ON THAT
KIND OF A JOB?

I DON'T SEE
ANYTHING
FUNNY ABOUT
IT—IN FACT,
IT'S A GREAT
OPENING!

I DON'T MEAN
OPENING FOR
HIM—I MEAN
FOR ME!

I WANTCHA TO WIRE HIM AT
ONCE TO SEND ME A NICE
BIG OSTRICH PLUME!

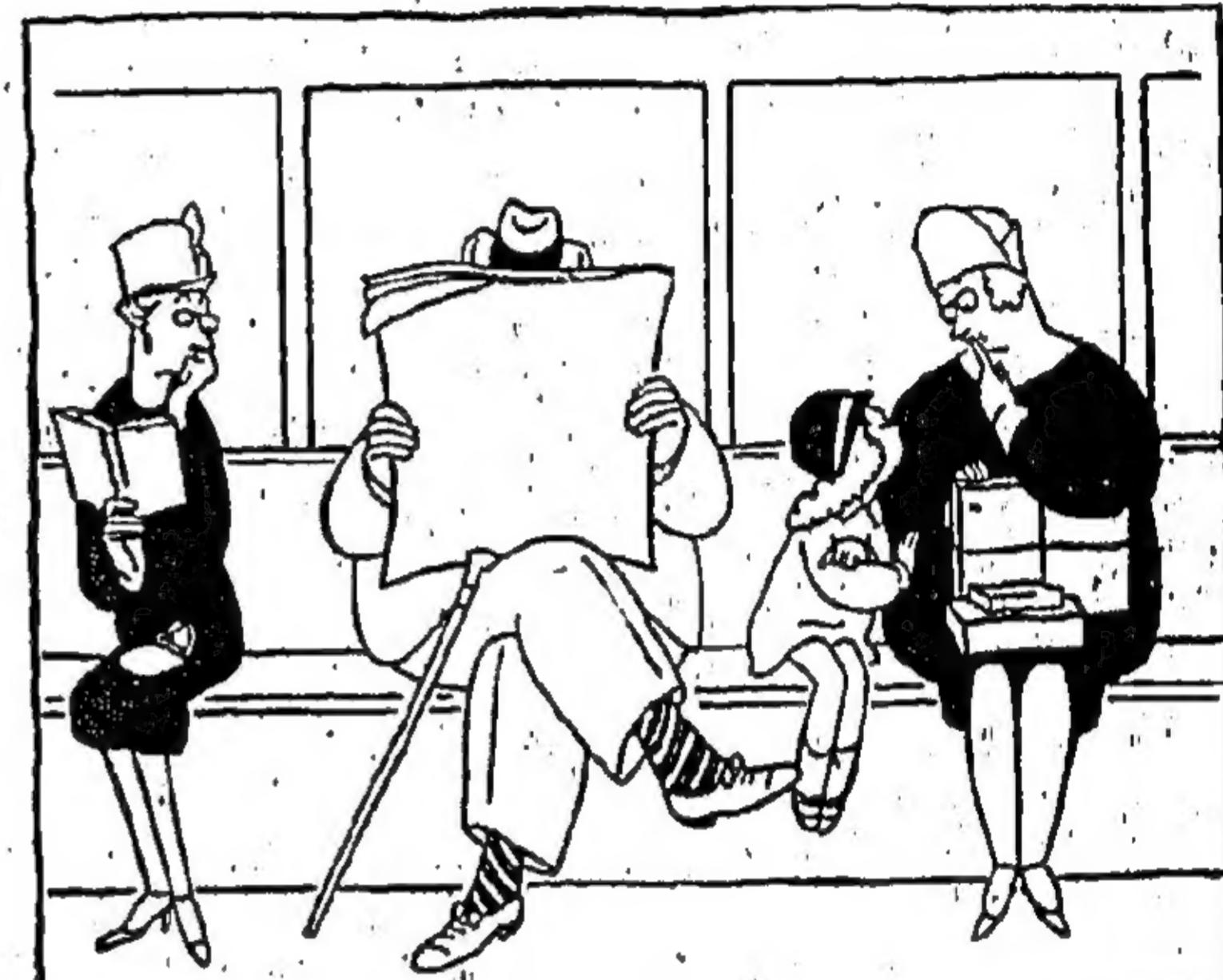
By Small

for all your
Skin Troubles



Of medicine dealers everywhere.

Keep A Box Always Handy!

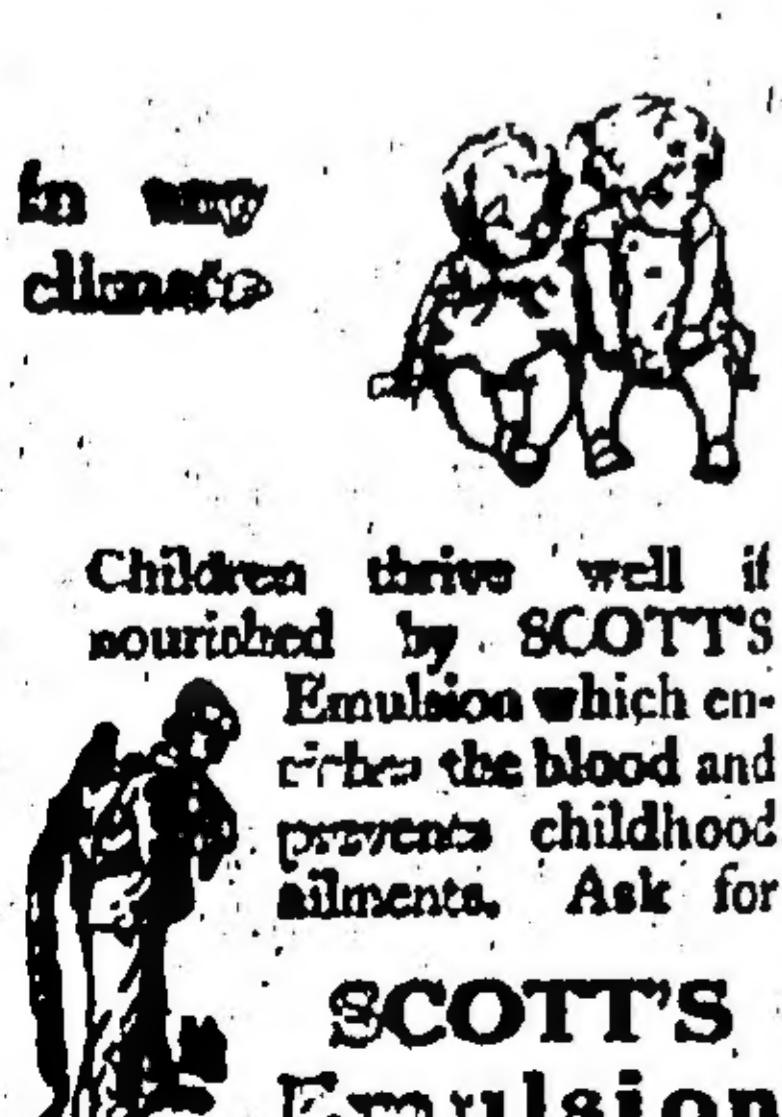


LITTLE CLARICE has apparently mistaken her fellow passenger for the zebra. Mummie promised to show her at the Zoo. And the gentle soul to the left is likewise a bit disturbed by the above display of poor taste in hosiery. Small wonder the fellow buries his head ostrich-like behind a paper.

Even the wariest of us seem somehow to go astray in our choice of hosiery. That is, unless we have learned what so many others have, that Holeproof Hosiery is always in good taste.

Holeproof colours and patterns are smart and distinctive. They are fashion's latest and appeal to the discriminating gentleman of unquestioned good taste. And Holeproof offers economy as well; it gives 3 to 4 times more wear than any other hose. In fact, wear has built for Holeproof Hosiery a world wide reputation.

Representative
KELLER, KERN & COMPANY, LTD.
P. O. Box 659, Hongkong



Children thrive well if
nourished by SCOTT'S
Emulsion which en-
riches the blood and
prevents childhood
ailments. Ask for

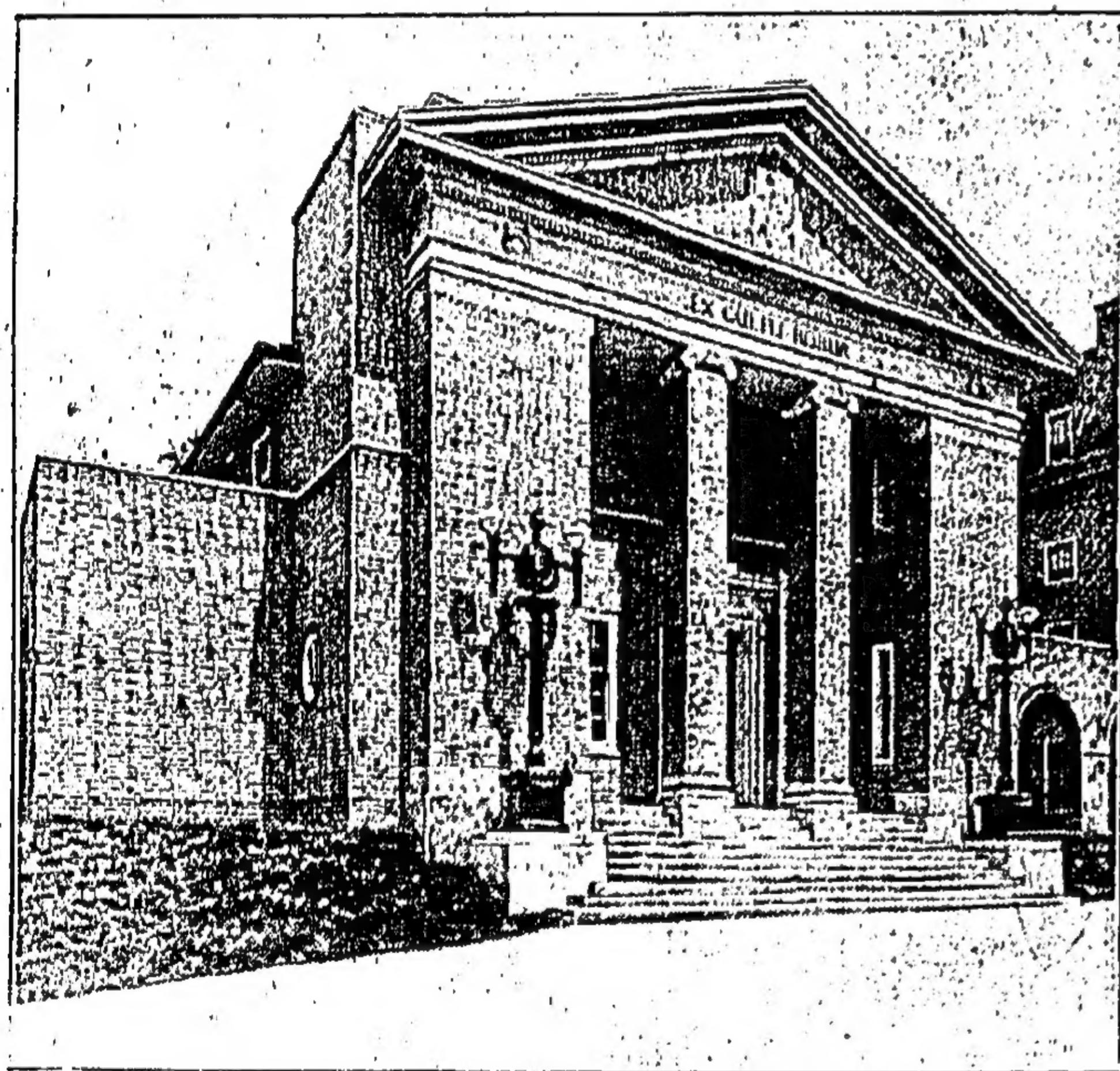
**SCOTT'S
Emulsion**



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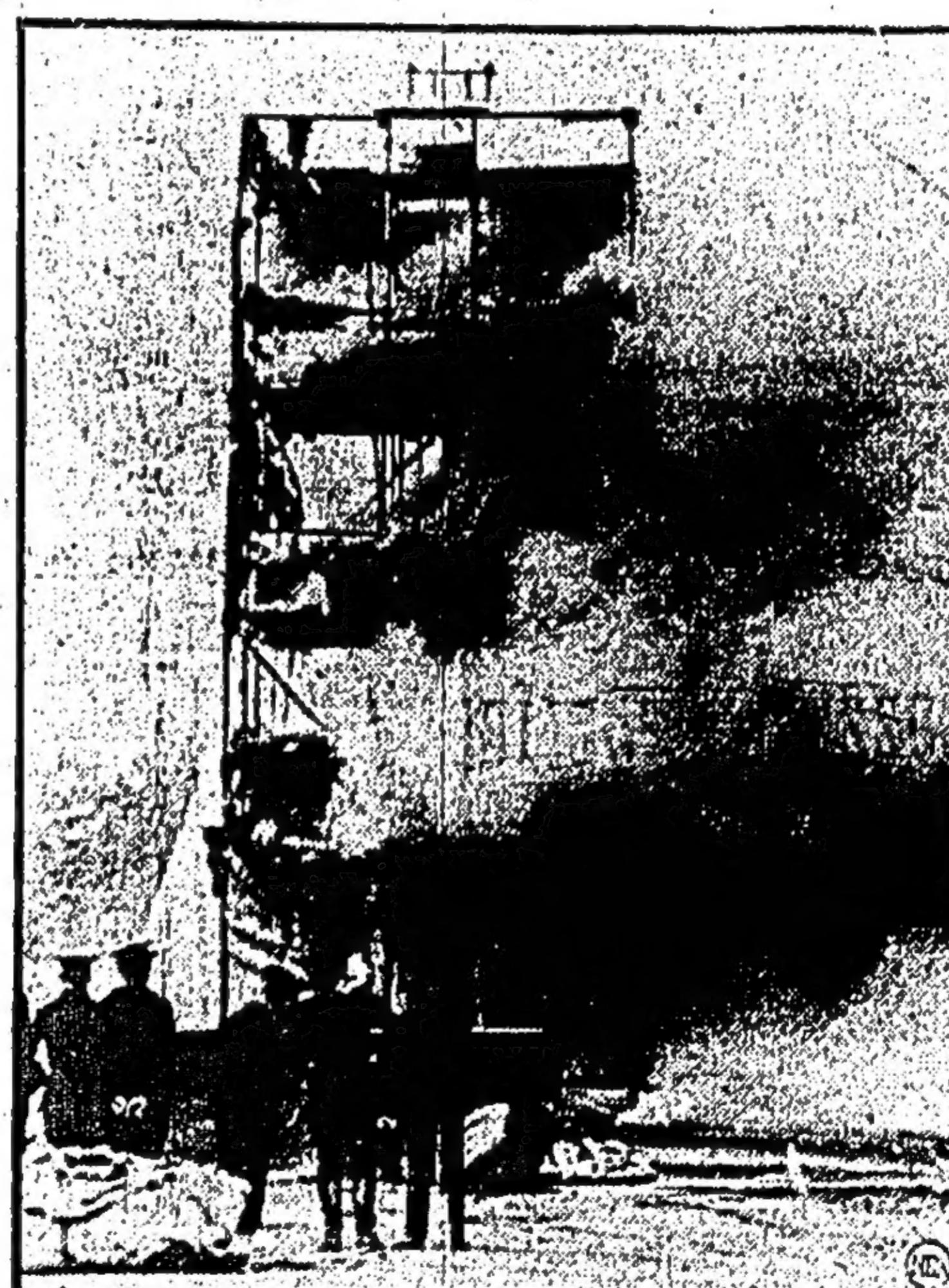
The Royal Garden Party, the last of the important events of the season, was held in the grounds of Buckingham Palace in ideal weather. In the absence of the King, the guests were entertained by the Queen, and many members of the Royal Family were present. Our picture shows a scene looking from the Palace during the Party. (Times copyright).



A view of the exterior of the Speech Hall at Cranleigh School, Surrey, which has been built to the design of Sir Edwin Cooper. It has been presented by Lord Devonport. (Times copyright).



On July 31, H. R. H. the Duke of Connaught opened the Great World Jamboree to commemorate the twenty-first anniversary of the movement. Our picture shows Scouts from the United States cheering the Berlin contingent on their arrival at the camping ground. The German boys had marched from Grimsby. (Times copyright).



Picture taken during the height of the blaze at the Gillingham late recently, when fifteen people lost their lives as the result of a mistake in instructions regarding the setting alight of a building. Hundreds looked on, unaware that real tragedy was being enacted.



The much-criticised sketch by Mr. A. F. Hardman for the proposed national memorial to the late Earl Haig. The First Commissioner of Works has decided to award the commission of the sculpture to Mr. Hardman. (Times copyright).

TAILORING

AN ADVANCE SHIPMENT OF EXCLUSIVE AUTUMN SUITINGS IS NOW ON SHOW.

SELECT YOUR CLOTH NOW AND HAVE IT MADE UP AT YOUR CONVENIENCE.

MACKINTOSH'S



BATHING SUITS TO CLEAR
To give place for Autumn and Winter goods.

PRICES GREATLY REDUCED

There is still time to swim, and a new costume will add to your personality and happiness.

Make your Selection at once

THE SINCERE CO., LTD.

THE HONGKONG EMPORIUM.

Use 
PURICO

THE UNEXCELLED COOKING FAT

Obtainable at

ALL GROCERS & STOREKEEPERS.

Agents:—KELLER, KERN & CO. LTD.
18, Connaught Road. Telephone C. 8120.



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DOLLAR
DAY
IS HERE!
EVERY
DAY
THIS WEEK

EXTRAORDINARY VALUES
IN ALL DEPARTMENTS.

WHITEAWAYS

TO-DAY'S WANTS

25 WORDS — ONE DOLLAR

(\$1.50 IF NOT PREPAID)

The following replies have been received:

295, 300, 301, 305, 306, 315, 344, 363, 371, 374, 376, 381, 385, 411, 426, 427, 443, 445, 455, 461, 462, 465, 474, 476, 486, 505, 512, 546, 547, 550.

SITUATIONS VACANT

WANTED.—Chinese Timekeeper for large Works in Hongkong. Experience essential. Write Box No. 552, care of "Hongkong Telegraph."

SITUATIONS WANTED

HOUSEBOY.—Cook houseboy seeks situation from October 1st. Good references. Write Box No. 554, care of "Hongkong Telegraph."

Ponk resident shortly leaving Hongkong, can thoroughly recommend baby wash anath. Has been employed for over four years, and is most reliable and capable. Available from 1st. October. Write Box No. 553, care of "Hongkong Telegraph."

LOST.

LOST or STRAYED.—SIAMESE TOM CAT Slightly Cross Eyed. Not at End of Tail. If Found, Please Telephone Peak 248, Mrs. Rodgers.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—On Broadwood Road, 3 roomed BUNGALOW. Write Secretary, Post Office Box No. 22.

FOR SALE.—On Broadwood Road, two semi-detached 5 roomed HOUSE, with tennis court, and garage to each house. Write Secretary, Post Office Box No. 22.

PENINSULA HOTEL
ROSE ROOM.

DINNER DANCE ATTRACTION.

Saturday, 7th Sept., 1929.

NINA AND JACQUES

—dancers—

assisted by an augmented orchestra will give Exhibitions of the very latest dances.

The Argentine Tango, Dance to Death, The Latest Blues and Ballroom Dances.

DINNER \$4.00 per head.

Tables may be booked at the Hongkong, Repulse Bay, or Peninsula Hotels and by Tel. K. 681.

THE HONGKONG & SHANGHAI HOTELS, LTD.

THEATRE ROYAL

Saturday—7—September

At 9.15

S ANDRES
SEGOVIA

"World's Greatest Guitarist"

POSITIVELY ONE APPEARANCE ONLY

BOOKING NOW OPEN AT MOUTRIE'S

PRICES \$5 & \$2

DIRECTION: A. STROK.

New Advertisements

LADIES' RECREATION CLUB

The Annual Tennis Tournament will be held during the months of October and November. Full Particulars posted at various Clubs.

H.K. CRICKET LEAGUE

The Twenty Third Annual Meeting will be held at the Sanitary Board Room, Post Office Building (by kind permission) on Friday, 6th September, at 5.15 p.m.

A. A. RUMJAHN,
Hon. Secretary.ST. STEPHEN'S COLLEGE,
STANLEY

The New Term begins on Monday, 19th September. An Entrance Examination will be held at Stanley at 9.00 a.m. on the same day. Prospectus and information about transport to Stanley may be obtained from the Warden or from Mr. Li Hoi Tung, c/o. Bunker & Co., Bank of China Building. The New Hostel providing more accommodation for Boarders will be open this Term.

CUSTOMS NOTIFICATION

The following is the list of local share quotations issued to-day:

Banks

Hongkong Bank, \$1230 ^{bu}. Chartered Bank, £20 b.Morgan & Co., £321 ^{bu}. P. and O. £94 ^{bu}.East Asia \$04 ^{bu}.

Insurances

Canton Ins., \$600 n.

Union Ins., \$330 n.

North China Ins., Tls. 160 ^b.

Yangtze Ins., \$50 n.

China Underwriters, \$2.20 ^b.

China Fires, \$310 b.

H. K. Fire Ins., \$760 ^b.

Shipping

Douglas, \$274 ^b.H. K. Steamboats, \$25 ^b.H. K. Tugs, \$2 ^b.Indo-Chinas, (Dof.) \$70 ^b.Union Waterboats, \$22 ^b.

Mining

Benguet, \$315 ^b.Kailan, \$676 ^b.Langkawi, Tls. 15 ^b.S'hal Explorations, Tls. 2.75 ^b.Raubs, \$31 ^b.Tronoh, 21/- ^b.

Docks, etc.

Kowloon Wharves, \$129 ^b.Whampoa Docks, \$324 ^b.China Providents, \$4.30 ^b.Hongkong, Tls. 184 ^b.New Engineering, Tls. 72 ^b.Shanghai Docks, Tls. 140 ^b.

Cottons.

Ewo Cottons, Tls. 17.40 ^b.Orizontals, Tls. 2.30 ^b.S'hal Cottons, Tls. 91 (old) ^b.

Lands, Hotels, etc.

H. and S. Hotels, \$8.35 ^b.H. K. Lands, \$608 ^b.Shai Lands Tls. 153 ^b.Humphreys, \$14.50 ^b.Realios, 48 ^b.

Public Utilities

Tramways, \$18.15 ^b.Peak Trams (old) \$11.80 ⁿ.Star Ferries, \$65 ⁿ.China Lights, (Old) \$12.60 ^b.H. K. Electric, \$594 ^b.Macao Electric, \$262 ⁿ.Telephones, \$7 ^b.China Buses, Tls. 147 ^b.Singapore Traction, 11/- ^b.

Industrials

China Sugars, 95 ^b.Malabon, \$27 ^b.Canton Ices, \$2 ^b.Cements (Comb.) \$8.80 ^b.Ropas (Old) \$6.55 ^b.United Abertos \$5 ^b.

Stores, etc.

Dairy Farms, \$19.90 ^b.Watsons, \$1.00 ^b.Dor A. Wings, 80 ^b.Lane Crawfords, \$1 ^b.Mackintosh, \$18 ^b.Sinceros, \$12 ^b.

Miscellaneous

Amusements, \$252 ^b.Constructions, \$1.55 ^b.B'que Ind. G. Bonds, 64 ^b.H. K. G. Loan 8% ^b.

Prem.

"PEAK MANSIONS."

SITUATED within Two Minutes' Walk from the Tram Station and overlooking the Southern Side of the Island. Ready for Occupation. Five-Roomed and Six-Roomed APARTMENTS.

with all Modern Conveniences, Drying Rooms and Out-houses, Two lifts. Apply to—

CREDIT FONCIER
D'EXTREME-ORIENT.MASSEUR R. SHIMIZU.
MASSEUR S. HONDA.
MASSEUR S. KISHIKI.

Recommended for many years by Government Hospital, Peak Hospital, etc., and by all the doctors.

No. 24, Wyndham Street, Tel. CL484.

EXPERT MASSEUR and all kinds of chronic ailments.

Madame E. AKAJI.

Madame H. MORITA.

125, Praya East, (1st floor), Tel. No. C2181 Cures Rheumatism, Nervousness.

SPECIAL

NURSERY MILK

Put up in bottles sealed with Dacero Crown Cork.

Recommend by the Local Medical Profession.

In Pint Bottles at 32 cents per bottle.

PASTEURIZED MILK

Put up in similar bottles at 32 cents per bottle.

THE DAIRY FARM ICE & COLD STORAGE CO., LTD.

SHARE PRICES

FIGHTING ENGLISHMAN DISARMED.

TO-DAY'S QUOTATIONS

VIOLENT SCENES IN CAFE AT MONTMARTRE.

Paris, July 31.

An Englishman passing through Paris who had dined well but not wisely came to anchor towards midnight yesterday in a cafe in Montmartre, where his behaviour was so eccentric that the manager had to request his client to conduct himself more calmly.

Unfortunately, he known no French, and imagined that he was threatened with ejection. Determined to sell his submission dearly, the Englishman proceeded to break up the bar rail with his fist, so as to obtain a weapon, and then, armed with his improvised cudgel, turned to face his supposed assailants.

As nobody approached he selected the nearest taget, the head of an innocent visitor, who was stunned before he had time to be surprised.

By this time the police had been summoned, and after a severe struggle the Englishman was overpowered and disarmed. It was then explained to him in English that there had been a misunderstanding.

Considerably sobered by the conflict, the reveller took out a cheque book and wrote out cheques making full compensation for the damage, material and personal, committed. He was, nevertheless, taken to the police station, but his papers being found in order, he was released in a much chastened mood.

Public Utilities

Tramways, \$18.15 ^b.Peak Trams (old) \$11.80 ⁿ.Star Ferries, \$65 ⁿ.China Lights, (Old) \$12.60 ^b.H. K. Electric, \$594 ^b.Macao Electric, \$262 ⁿ.Telephones, \$7 ^b.China Buses, Tls. 147 ^b.Singapore Traction, 11/- ^b.

Industrials

China Sugars, 95 ^b.Malabon, \$27 ^b.Canton Ices, \$2 ^b.Cements (Comb.) \$8.80 ^b.Ropas (Old) \$6.55 ^b.United Abertos \$5 ^b.

Stores, etc.

Dairy Farms, \$19.90 ^b.Watsons, \$1.00 ^b.Dor A. Wings, 80 ^b.Lane Crawfords, \$1 ^b.Mackintosh, \$18 ^b.Sinceros, \$12 ^b.

Miscellaneous

Amusements, \$252 ^b.Constructions, \$1.55 ^b.B'que Ind. G. Bonds, 64 ^b.

H. K. G. Loan 8% <sup

"Now As Happy As Can be"

Ceylon Father Tells How His Little Daughter Was Cured of Stomach Trouble and Vomiting By Baby's Own Tablets.

"Just after my little girl had turned one year old she became troubled with disordered stomach and constantly vomited after taking her food. This worried both her mother and myself, and I consulted a friend in the drug business, who strongly recommended Baby's Own Tablets. I bought a vial and administered them according to the directions. Then baby's ills were soon set right and to-day she is as happy as can be," states Mr. R. Homer, of Wellawatta, Ceylon, in a letter of thanks.

Especially designed for the use of infants and little children, Baby's Own Tablets are an absolutely safe and reliable specific for infantile stomach and bowel troubles. They allay teething pains almost as if by magic, cool feverishness, relieve cough and colds, expel worms!

Your chemist can supply them, or post free, 60 cents per vial, from the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., 60 Kiangsu Road, Shanghai.

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RADIO BROADCAST.

THE LOCAL PROGRAMME FOR TO-DAY.

Broadcast by Z.B.W. on 350 metres.
1.48 p.m. Weather report.
5.30-6.30 p.m. Programme of Chinese Music. (Records supplied through the courtesy of Messrs. The Pleasant Co.).

7.48 p.m. Evening Weather Report.
8 p.m. Evening Programme, (Victor and H. M. V. Records supplied through the courtesy of Messrs. S. Moutrie and Co., Ltd.).

"Introduction and Fugue" (Liszt), "Organ Solo, Fernando Germani—Romance," (Rombert), "Soprano, Kathryn Hilliard, "Deer Song," Vocal.

Duet:—Kathryn Hilliard and George Baker.

"Song of the Volga Boatmen," "Shining Moon," "Kleinföhr's Russian Balalaika Orch."

"Our Avenue," "Under the Moon,"

Comedienne, Gracie Fields.

"Lonesome and Sorry," "At Peace with the World,"

Victor Salom Orchestra.

"I'm Falling in Love with Someone," "Moonbeams," (Blossom-Herbert),

Tenor, Richard Crooks,

"Suite Francaise," (Feuds),

The Band of H. M. Coldstream Guards.

"My Man,"

"The Song of the Sewing-Machine,"

Comedienne, Fanny Brice.

"The Blue Muzurka," Vocal Gems,

"The Desert Song," Vocal Gems,

H. M. V. Light Opera Company.

"El Gaucho," Tango,

Tenor, Tito Schipa.

"Hawaiian Nights," Waltz,

"Aloma," (Bowers),

Hilo Hawaiian Orchestra.

"What is Done,"

"Nocturne,"

Vocal Duet:—Winnie Molville and Derek Oldham.

"Choral," (Bach).

"Impromptu in A Flat," (Chopin),

Piano Solo, Harold Bauer.

"Malaga Love Lament,"

"Carnations,"

Soprano, Lucrezia Bori,

"On the Banks of the Danube,"

Piano Solo, John Murucz.

"Filthy Lucre,"

Comedienne, Wish Wynne.

"Il Guarany," (Gomez), Overture,

Creator's Band.

"One Alone,"

"When You're Away,"

Tenor, Richard Crooks.

"Simple Aven," (Thome),

"Serenade," (Pierce),

Violoncello Solo, Alfred Wallenstein.

"Mother of Mine, I Still Have You,"

"My Stormy Weather Pal,"

The Silver-Masked Tenor.

"Stars and Stripes Forever," March,

"El Capitan March," (Sousa),

Arthur Pryor's Band.

"Carnes at Times,"

"Remember Not,"

Choir of Canterbury Cathedral.

"Trial By Jury," (Sullivan),

Selection,

"The Sorcerer," (Sullivan),

Selection,

The Band of H. M. Coldstream Guards.

10.30 p.m. Close down.

THE U.S. EXTRALITY REPLY.

LEAKAGE NOW TRACED TO HARBIN.

Peking, Aug. 29.

The United States Legation states, "The American extrality note has not been given out anywhere by the Legation nor has it been given out anywhere with the Legation's knowledge or consent."

It is now learned that the point of leakage has been traced to Harbin. The *Tsingtao Times*, it is understood, reprinted its version of the note from a copy of the *Harbin Daily News*, of a date at present unknown, which arrived at Tsingtao on August 22.

Copies of the *Tsingtao Times* of August 24 reached Peking to-day and the burning question is "Where was the leak?" as it is generally considered here that the *Tsingtao Times* version is more than guesswork. However, it is impossible to answer the question officially as, after several applications, the only statement available from the United States legation was made late this afternoon. "The Legation has no statement to make regarding the *Tsingtao Times* version of the American Extrality Note,"—Reuter.

WOMAN'S WORLD FOR OUR LADY READERS.

Dress Reform Day.

To-day is the date appointed by the men's dress reform party for the first steps to be taken by adherents in the practical demonstration of their principles, says a writer in a Home paper.

It is hoped by numerous workers that many respected heads of business firms will encourage their employees by appearing in office or shop in shorts, kilts, open-necked skirts, loose, flowing robes, or whatever other garments appear to them to be most comfortable and hygienic.

Whether these hopes will be justified or not it is impossible to say. As yet, I have seen nothing more exciting than a few open-necked shirts.

It seems that what is wanting on the part of the men is not enthusiasm for the suggested reform, but courage to take the first steps.

This fact was recognised by those responsible for fixing to-day for the inaugural "parade," and that was why a Saturday was chosen, as it was thought that on that day many men were already accustomed to don somewhat unconventional attire.

Is it not amazing that men should have been accusing us of being slaves to fashion, when they, all the time, have evidently been suffering from enslavement to a fashion that they disliked?



This sleeveless frock, of extra heavy white crepe, finely kilted from a small yoke, is held at the waist and again at the hips by narrow belts of stitched crepe in a yellow shade. Closely-fitting white crepe knickers are worn with this frock, and these too repeat the yellow note in bands above the knees.



The half-ribbon hat promises to have a vogue. This one has the crown made of rows of lime green gros-grain ribbon, and the brim of very soft felt in the same shade.

Your Children.

[By Olive Roberts Barton.]

The longer I live, the more necessity I see for children having playmates that suit them.

Over and over and over again, I observe children being shoved aside, imposed upon, and ridden over roughshod by stronger-willed companions, and it's neither right nor fair. This very thing, we are discovering, is the greatest contributing factor to that cruel and unhappy thing, inferiority complex.

We can talk all we like about children learning to take their own parts, and developing enough spunk to cope with their more determined neighbours, but it doesn't work—that all there is to it, not if the difference is great and the gap hard to breach.

The stronger will go on getting stronger, and the less assertive will get more submissive and less confident as time goes on. Because he will soon take it for granted that the other has all the rights and he'll be contented to take what's left.

Avoid the Bullies.

If I saw a group of two little girls playing together constantly, and just as constantly one got her choice of games, had to be waited on first in the candy-store, had to have most slides down the sliding-board, and flaunted her good clothes, that she'd bullied her mother into letting her wear, before the longing eyes of her more modestly dressed companions—if I saw this day after day, and my child were the follower, I should take her away from the stronger-willed child, if possible, and find a playmate for her whose will matched her own and who would increase her own self-respect and confidence. Certainly she'd be happier.

If I had a boy who played with another boy day after day and who was permanently unhappy because the other boy could do things better than he could and made him feel his inferiority, I'd break up the association and search for a playmate who could not do too many things too well and who would give my own son a chance to develop. Competition is good but it can also be disastrous.

When Standards Differ.

Oftentimes it isn't a matter of being weaker-willed, or less clever, but the fact that some children are trained to be thoughtful, and kind to others; the culture and refinement of the carefully-brought-up child often cannot compete with the young steam-roller.

The Colour Card.

Dressmakers have already decided upon the colours for autumn. Deep tones of bronze-brown, red, of purplish-greyish blue, and of orange stand out as now and desirable. For summer, on the contrary, the colours are bright and fresh.

White strikes the keynote of the season, and it is enlivened by rods as brilliant as poppies, blues that recall the most vivid irises, yellows of daffodils and buttercups, greens bright like glossy oak leaves, or soft like the under sides of maple leaves, as well as the navy blue that looks so handsome against a salmon cap, and does not fade in sun air.

For warm nights the couturiers give us white again, black in the filmy chiffon textures, soft pinks, and subtle blues and melting mauves, as well as a group of dark tones, drawn from the violet of the night's sky, the mysterious black-green of trees under star light, and the luminous blue of water under moonlight.

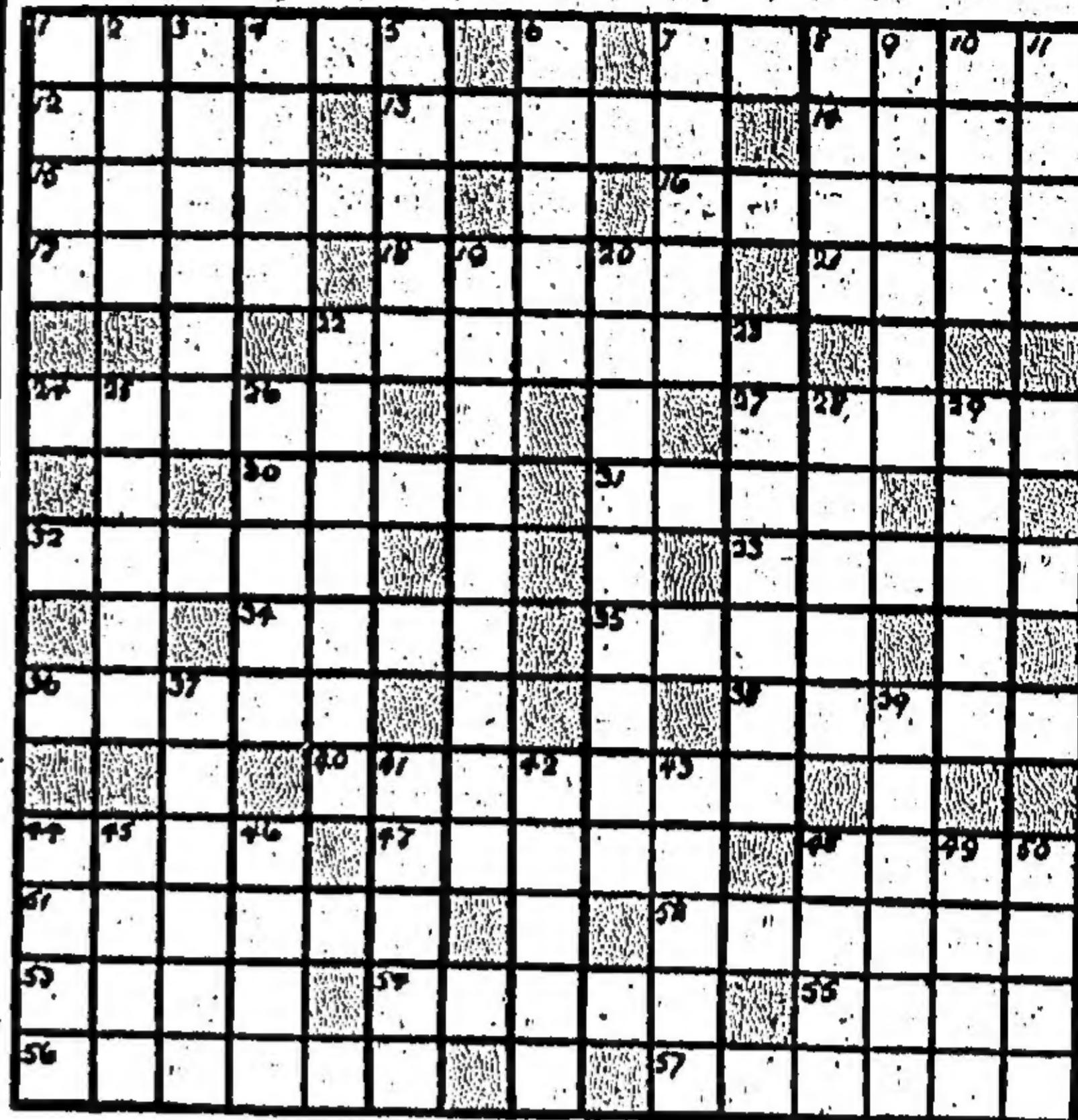
whose tutoring about other people's feelings and rights may have been somewhat casual. It isn't fair to children to teach them consideration and then turn them over to the others to take what treatment they can get.

I firmly believe that this "follower" business is a serious thing. True, we can't all be leaders, but wise leadership and selfish leadership are two different things.



A suggestion for the busines girl: frock in light navy morocain, cut with a well-fitting hip-yoke from which the skirt falls in pleats at the sides and in plain panels back and front. The bodice is most engaging, with tucks over the shoulders and a jabot of beige and navy printed georgette.

OUR NEW BRITISH CROSSWORDS.



8 Gasp.
9 Severe trial.
10 Prophet.
11 Obtain by labour.
12 Appellant.
13 Political writer.
14 Roads.
15 Juiculous use of money.
16 Standfast.
17 Hail.
18 Escape.
19 Threafold.
20 Law.
21 Choose.
22 Stringed instrument.
23 Dry.
24 Noose.
25 Circle of years.
26 Rowdy.
27 Guide.
28 Lump of earth.
29 Put of wind.
30 Joyful.
31 Make content.
32 Stubble of grain.
33 Excellence in objects of art.
34 Stalk.
35 Take warning.
36 Lost blood.
37 Taxed.
38 Minerals.
39 Charming women.
40 Supernumeraries.

Down

1 Grimaces.
2 Cast side-glances.
3 Gentle gale.
4 Vegetable.
5 Garbed.
6 Glide slowly.
7 Composition for eight.

LOCUST P STORED
A HARRIER OWN
UNREAL INNIBBLE
N V MEANING BELL
CREWS STATELL
HERON PEA WARES
V R TORCH PA
MERRIER RAISING
R I ATRIPTI
CITED SAD FERNS
HERD S BY RAGE
I I STABLED V V
DEFACE L ARRIVE
ELL APPEAL N R
SHEARS D TWEEDS

CARE OF CHOPS.

GUARDING THEM AGAINST THEFT.

An interesting point in connexion with the use of Chinese business chops came up for discussion at the monthly meeting of the Chinese Chamber of Commerce yesterday, when a local Chinese firm suggested that all chops should be kept on the firm's premises under lock and key and not allowed out under any consideration. The purpose of the suggestion was to prevent theft or improper use of the chop.

Mr. Ho Lu pointed out that the suggestion was impossible because if it was put into practice the banks would have to engage a large number of additional employees to call on Chinese firms with whom they had banking transactions. Under the present procedure a *fei* goes to the bank and draws money by simply placing the chop of his firm on the receipt. In Chinese business circles the chop is as good as the signature of the manager of the firm.

Dr. Thomas Cowan, shipowner, of Leith, has given £20,000 towards Cowan House, the Edinburgh University students' residence.

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ANDRES SEGOVIA

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1298 Courante (Bach)
Sonatina in A Major (Torroba)

6766 Gavotte (Bach)
Theme Varié (Son)

6767 Fandanguillo (Turina)
Tremolo Study (Tarraga)

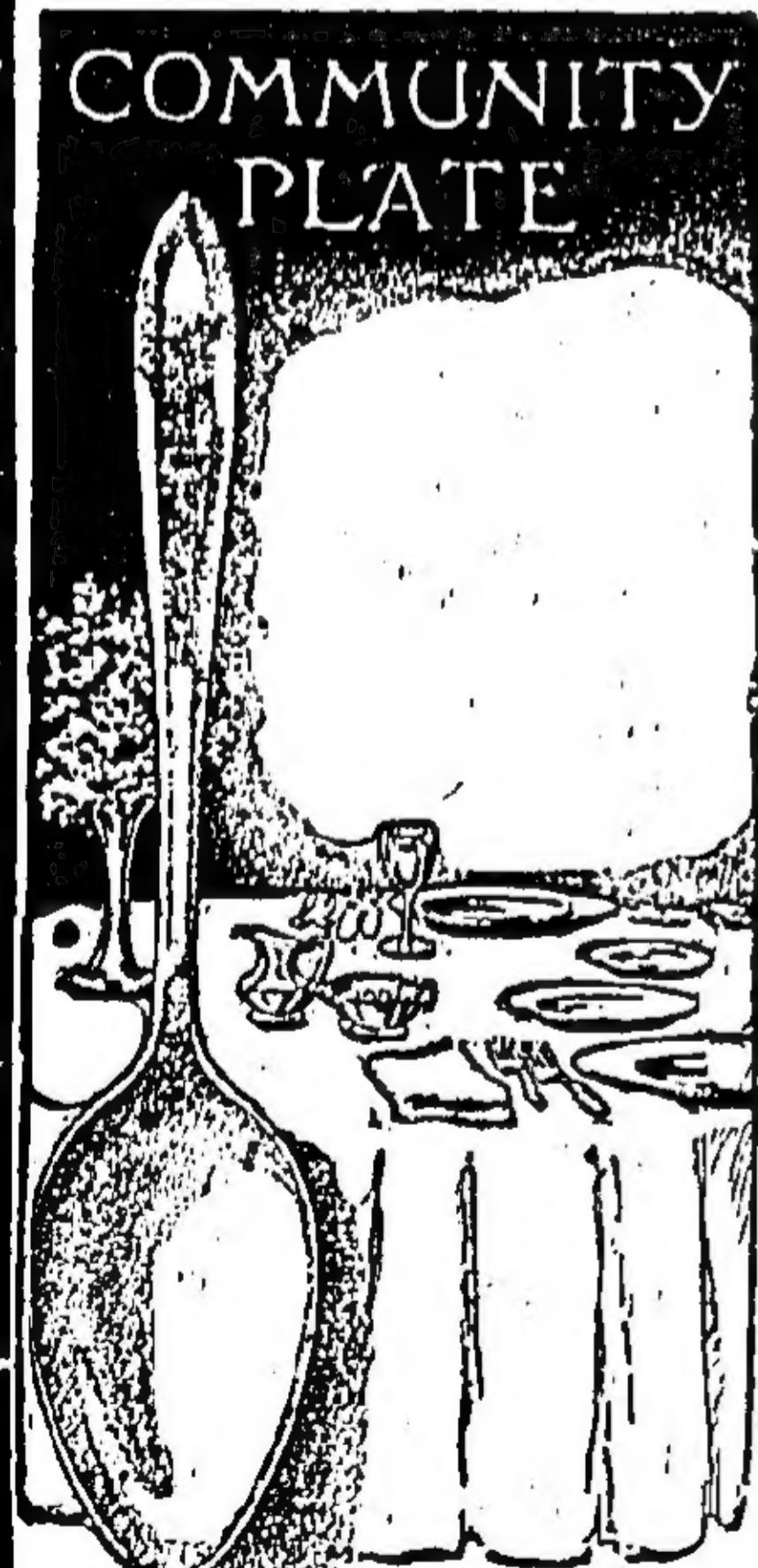
Mr. Andres Segovia will appear at the
Theatre Royal on Saturday, September
7th at 9.15 p.m.

Booking now open at

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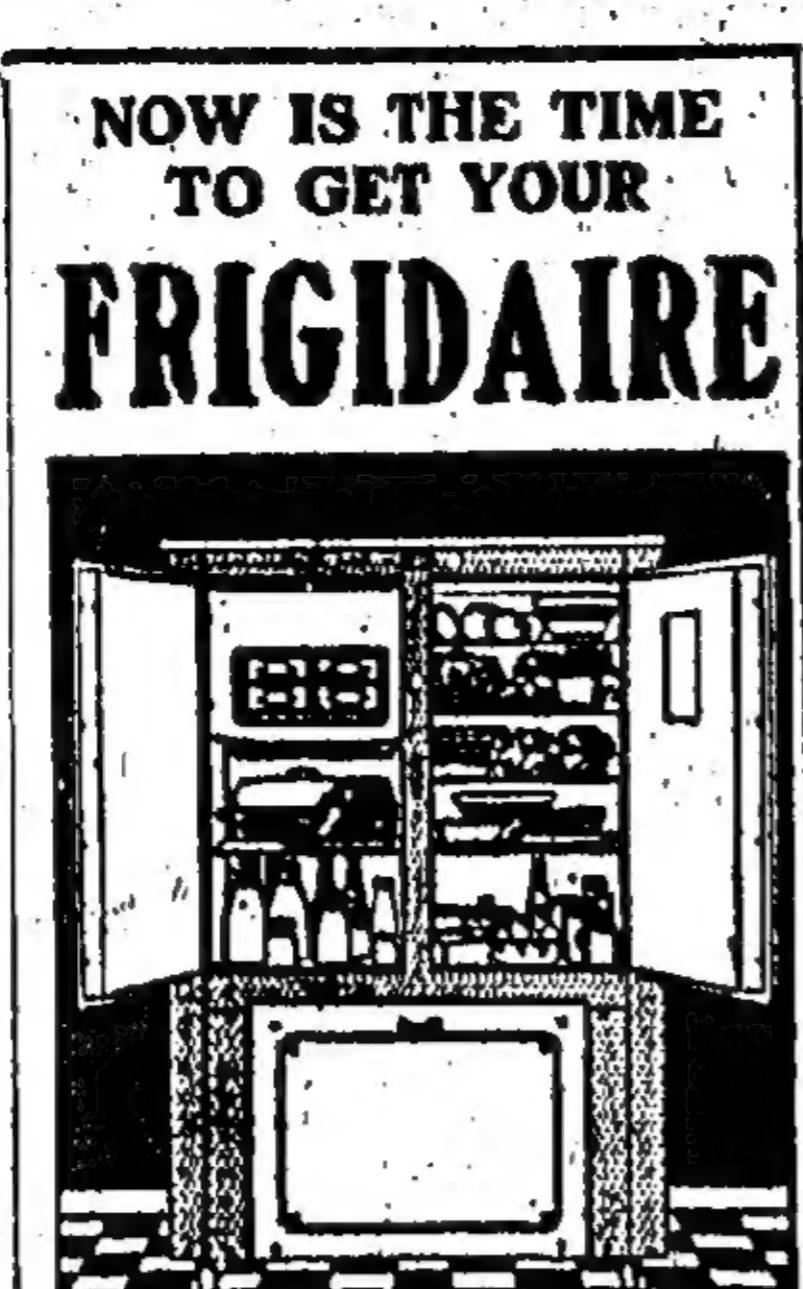
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THE WORLD.
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DEATH.

WALLER.—On Wednesday, August 28, 1929, at her residence, 19 Temple Lane, Mrs. Joseph E. Waller, "aged" 84, beloved mother of Arthur J. Waller.

The Hongkong Telegraph.

TUESDAY SEPT. 3, 1929.

FOREIGNERS IN CHINA.

At first glance, the new regulations which have been issued in Canton dealing with the future procedure between foreigners and the Chinese authorities may seem a trifle puzzling. Indeed, the summaries which have so far appeared could conceivably be read as indicating an intention to get around the extraterritorial system. A knowledge of the circumstances under which the change has been made, however, should serve to remove any cause for undue alarm on this account. Probably the master is put beyond all doubt in the full text of the provisions. What appears to be happening is that the purely local Bureaux for Foreign Affairs are being abolished, and, henceforth, important matters relating to foreigners will be dealt with directly by the Central Government. This appears a perfectly reasonable change provided that, in the process, foreign rights are not in any way jeopardised or whittled down.

A reading of the latest summary of the new position leaves us with the impression that the issues in regard to which the Central Government is to exercise its authority are the major questions wherein Chinese and foreigners are concerned. For subjects of lesser importance there will be special offices established, and with these foreigners may, if they so desire, deal without the intervention of their Consuls. In particular, the Central Government will take over all diplomatic matters. There is, however, one clause which, in the form in which we have encountered it, is not very clear. This is to the effect that "all matters relating to foreigners which do not come under the jurisdiction of the judicial courts are to be treated in the same manner as those pertaining to the citizens of China." Is this intended to cover taxation, for example, or precisely what are the matters involved? A little light on this point would be welcome. On the general question, there can be no grounds for quarrelling with the attempt of Central Government to strengthen its hold on the provinces. The almost universal practice in all countries concerning questions wherein aliens are

involved is for the appropriate Consul to report the issues to his Minister, who in turn takes them up with the Government to which he is accredited. That is the procedure which China now intends to adopt. It is quite natural development, for under the old system the way was undoubtedly left open for purely local authorities to usurp the functions of the Central Government, even possibly to the extent of compromising the sovereignty of the country. Moreover, the system was one which might easily give rise to complications of a serious character.

In its main principles, this effort at centralisation of foreign affairs can be commended, so long as the application of the new procedure is not made unduly irksome and the line is clearly drawn between those matters which may be dealt with locally and those which may not. In some cases, it will probably be found that adjustments of disputes will take a little longer, for the wheels of official machinery move very slowly, but it was inevitable that eventually the old system, which was an anachronism, would have to disappear. One thing which the new order should do is to make foreign "adventurers" realise that in future they cannot get concessions from provincial authorities without Nanking's assent. We can welcome the new procedure as tending to strengthen the hand and the authority of the Central Government, although at the same time realising that it will involve increased responsibilities. The success of the change will depend entirely on the manner in which those responsibilities are discharged.

"Secret" Diplomacy.

The axiom that circumstances alter cases has been most interestingly demonstrated during the Anglo-American discussions on naval disarmament, from which so much contributory to the permanent peace of the world is expected. Normally, one of the keenest critics of so-called secret diplomacy, Mr. Ramsay MacDonald has made no secret of the fact that nothing of any importance regarding the negotiations will be disclosed until absolute concord has been established between London and Washington, and perhaps strangely, his attitude in this respect is hailed as a sound policy on both sides of the Atlantic. If he occasionally makes use of such picturesque expressions as: "If that chicken is not duly hatched, I shall be the most surprised man living," one is merely left to assume that substantial progress is, or has been made. What that progress is, and how vast the concessions on either side are implied, is not known, and will not be known until the stage is reached when the silence can be broken with the announcement that Britain and America are no longer at variance in any particular. By this method, it has been pointed out, no opportunity is given for jingos to assert their claims, or to exert pressure on representatives to champion national rights and privileges. With "open" diplomacy, every point of conflict was emphasised, instead of every point of agreement, and the ultimate result, on such a prodigious question, was usually chaos and disillusionment. Ordinarily, says a leading American journal, there would be little to gain for secret diplomacy, for what is honest and fair need not be hidden. But if this, the Dawes-MacDonald discussion, be secret diplomacy, the world can stand more of it. It can stand to see traditions centuries old shattered. It can stand to see the glory of the old fad before dawning of permanent peace, a peace in which the kindlier feelings of men may come to flower. It can stand to see naval yards closed and the pride of warships scrapped if it means the arrest of the human militant spirit. No need to question the "secrecy" with which the conversations on naval arms are being conducted in the face of the echoes of arms reductions which are heard in Washington and London. Let us have more conversations like them. If they lead to happy results,

DAY BY DAY.

THE MARCH OF INTELLECT IS PROCEEDING AT QUICK TIME; AND IF ITS PROGRESS IS NOT ACCOMPANIED BY A CORRESPONDING IMPROVEMENT IN MORALS AND RELIGION, THE FASTER IT PROCEEDS, WITH THE MORE VIOLENCE WILL YOU BE HURRIED DOWN THE ROAD TO RUIN.—Southey.

"Fairplay."—Your criticisms should be addressed to the journal concerned.

The P. & O. s.s. Khyber, from Hongkong, arrived at Marseilles on 31st August at 8 p.m.

The Norwegian Consul in Hongkong reported to the Police yesterday that Christian Jacobson, second officer of the s.s. Prominent, has been missing since August 28.

It is notified that the M. V. Tai Yin, the Barber Wilhelmsen Line, for whom Messrs. Dodwell & Co., Ltd., are the local agents, will include Los Angeles in the ports of call on her voyage to New York, leaving Hongkong on September 1th.

The preliminary trial of a Chinese coolie, charged with the murder, by stabbing, of another coolie at Cross Street, last month, concluded before Mr. E. W. Hamilton yesterday afternoon, when the prisoner was committed to take his trial at the Criminal Sessions.

Commenting on the invitation to Malaya to send an inter-port cricket team to Hongkong, the Straits Times states that it has been decided that the invitation should not be accepted unless a really representative side can be sent. Efforts are being made to discover what players would be able to make the journey.

A fine of \$300, or three months' hard labour, was imposed by Mr. T. S. Whyte Smith at the Kowloon Magistracy this morning on a Chinese who was charged with being in possession of twenty tuels of raw opium which was found concealed in a specially-made belt. The defendant, it was stated, had arrived by the Shun Chun train and was searched at the Yaumati Station.

When the Chinese, on a charge of larceny of watch from Mr. Ulbright on board the s.s. Coblenz during the vessel's last trip to Hongkong, was again brought before Mr. T. S. Whyte Smith at the Kowloon Magistracy this morning, Detective Sergeant Humphreys applied for a further week's remand. Last week it was stated that the boat was expected to return at the end of the month.

ANOTHER MUI TSAI CASE.

CHINESE COUPLE CHARGED AT KOWLOON.

A young Chinese, described as a clerk, and a married woman, both residing at No. 201, Lai Chi Kok Road, Sham Shui Po, appeared before Mr. T. S. Whyte Smith at the Kowloon Magistracy this morning on charges of assaulting a "mui tsai" and of ill-treating the girl.

Sub-Inspector Hoare appeared for the prosecution and applied for a date to be fixed, intimating that the Secretary for Chinese Affairs would prosecute.

The two defendants were remanded until Tuesday afternoon for hearing, bail \$500 each.

ATTEMPTED THEFT OF FENCING.

MAN CAUGHT AT GUN CLUB HILL.

The theft of several sheets of corrugated iron used for fencing a garden at the Gun Club Hill Barracks, was reported to have taken place during the past two weeks, and yesterday a Chinese was observed by an Indian officer attempting to remove one of the iron supports of the fence.

The man was chased and, on being arrested, was handed over to the police, who produced him before Mr. T. S. Whyte Smith at the Kowloon Magistracy this morning on charges of attempted larceny and of trespassing.

The defendant admitted both charges and, in reply to the second, said he saw a lot of other people trespassing.

Lieut. G. F. Barrett, Royal Artillery, informed his Worship that 15 sheets of corrugated iron had been stolen during the past two weeks, while there had also been other pilfering in the Barracks.

The defendant, who was sentenced to fourteen days' hard labour for stealing in 1927 and six weeks in 1928, was given four months' on the count of attempted larceny, the second charge being dropped.

UNIQUE MUSICAL ATTRACTION.

WHY YOU SHOULD HEAR SEGOVIA ON SATURDAY.

When asked whether they are going to hear Segovia on Saturday next, a number of people have remarked "A guitarist?" A whole programme of guitar music, without any relief? I should be bored to death."

It seems to be the impression that Segovia is a glorified ukelele player and it is natural that people should be under a misapprehension about the nature of the performance, seeing that his fame has not spread to Hongkong. In Europe and America, however, Segovia has risen to the front rank of musicians within a few years and his reputation there is such that on the announcement of a concert by him, there is a rush to secure seats.

The effects that he gets on the instrument of his choice are extraordinary, and a unique musical experience is in store for those who overcome their antipathy towards an all-guitar programme. The fact that this musician gives his performances in London at the Wigmore Hall and in Paris at the Pleyel Salon will indicate that he makes his appeal to the musical public who flock there to hear the greatest pianists and violinists of the day.

Never before has a guitarist, absolutely unaided, come right to the front rank and taken his place with Casals, Kreisler and Cortot as a supreme exponent of his instrument, able to hold the attention of his audience throughout the entire length of a programme.

In view of the fact that news of his fame has reached only a few people in Hongkong, (whose friends happen to have heard him at home), it needs to be emphasized more emphatically than in the case of better-known artists, that Segovia is really a front-rank musician and that it is a part of everyone's musical education to hear him.

The concert takes place at the Theatre Royal at 9.15 p.m. on Sept. 7th. Booking is at Moutrie's.

"FREEDOM OF THE PRESS."

A DRAMATIC STORY OF NEWSPAPER LIFE.

One of the greatest stories of newspaper life ever shown on the screen will be seen to-day at the Queen's Theatre where "Freedom of the Press," Universal's excellent motion picture of the press and the underworld, will be shown.

The battle between the forces of the underworld and the truth telling columns of a daily is the theme of the story. George Melford, the director, was himself a former editorial writer in New York, and he has treated the story with intelligence and skill. "Freedom of the Press" is adapted from an original screen story by Peter B. Kyne.

The story concerns the dramatic situation faced by a young man who finds that the guardian of the girl he loves is the "man higher up" in the municipal vice ring which his father, editor of the leading newspaper, is fighting. The editor is murdered by the ring and the boy is faced with carrying on his father's policies regardless of his fiancee's pleadings. The development of this situation makes one of the strongest dramas ever screened.

"CORSICAN LOVE."

FINE BRITISH PICTURE AT STAR.

There are some beautiful shots of Corsican scenery to be seen in the film "Corsican Love," which will be shown to-day and tomorrow at the Star Theatre. Towering crags, forbidding mountains, rushing torrents form a magnificent background for a story of these rough islanders with their vendettas, their love of freedom, their primitive loves and hates and desires for revenge, and their centuries old unwritten laws.

To this island comes a cultured woman, daughter of the owner of Corsican steel mills, to investigate the problem of the water power. This brings her in conflict with Della Rocca, a bandit, for the desired water mill is the ancestral home of the bandit's father. Later, this strange pair, whose every outlook and interest seem opposed, fall in love. Then comes the problem for the bandit, tradition or progress, with love as the pawn.

The large cast includes Rolla Norman, Jacqueline Forzane, Gaston Jacquet and Renee Herbel. The picture was directed by Jean de Merly who also directed the famous production, "Les Misérables." The large cast includes Rolla Norman, Jacqueline Forzane, Gaston Jacquet and Renee Herbel. The picture was directed by Jean de Merly who also directed the famous production, "Les Misérables."

The Very Idea!

A correspondent writes to a Home paper:—"In view of the schoolgirl howlers which you published, may I point out that the 'schoolmaster howler' is by no means rare. A master explaining the discovery of Archimedes' principle said, in all seriousness: 'He got into his bath and called out 'Eureka! Eureka!' that being the name of his wife."

["There must be sacrifice if one wants to keep slim," says a beauty specialist.]

My frame is fair
From sparsely pack'd,
I've put it on
For years, in fact.
I said that I
Must sacrifice,
To have a form
That's thin and nice.

Yet, what must I
Deny myself,
Of things which crowd
The larder shelf?
Is't meat, or some
Refreshing cup?
Or sweets, or smokes?
I give it up.

The play was "King Lear." The old lady sat patiently through all the acts. At the end she turned to her friend and said: "What a very disagreeable family these Lear must have been to live with."

If I should drink a cup of tea,
I should perspire exceedingly,
But I shall feel quite cool and nice
If I proceed to eat an ice.

Yet each debauch is followed by
Reaction, and I needs must try
The best refreshment to select,
Judged by its ultimate effect.

The tea, which seems so hot at
first,
Will certainly assuage my thirst
And make me cooler. Yet I think
I scarce can face that scalding
drink.

The ice, upon the other hand,
Meets my immediate demand,
And yet my aim I shall have missed
Since that cool feeling won't persist.

The problem is no easy one,
And yet that something must be
done
Grows moment by moment more plain and
clear,
So what about a glass of beer?

A well-known magistrate was
engaging a valet, and the question of
wages was reached. The man
asked for £2 a week.

"Very well," said his worship,
"40 shillings" and forgetting
for the moment what the occasion
was, he added his usual alternative,
"or 14 days."

I will speak the holy truth.—A
woman at Kingston-on-Thames
Police Court taking the oath.

As Dick Whittington, of Hamp-
ton, Middlesex, entered the London
Guildhall, where he was fined
£1 for obstruction with a motor-
car, the court sat in front of
him into the dock.

Defendant at Tottenham: It
was dark, so how could he see the
language I was using?

Clerk at Kingston-on-Thames
Police Court: Have you any other
questions to put to the witness?—
Woman Defendant: I don't feel
interested.

A man brought a sorry nag to
the department for purchasing
horses for the Army. "Take it
away," the officer in charge said;
"we can't do with animals like
that in the Army."

The man departed with his steed,
but a fortnight afterwards he
again came up with the horse, and
the officer asked, "Didn't tell you
that a mangy screw like that was
no good for the Army?"

OVER 26 YEARS' SERVICE.

MR. A. E. WRIGHT LEAVES FOR HOME TO-MORROW.

VERY ACTIVE CAREER.

The Government service will be losing one of its best-known and most experienced officers to-morrow, when Mr. A. E. Wright, F.S.I., Assistant Director of Public Works, leaves for Home after over 26 years' service in the Colony. The Volunteer movement and Masonic circles will also regret the departure of Mr. Wright, who for very many years has figured prominently in both these spheres of activity, whilst a host of friends amongst all sections of the community will greatly miss him. Some seven years ago, Mr. Wright suffered a serious illness from typhoid, and although he pulled through, the attack left a permanent weakness, and latterly he has been in very indifferent health. It is for this reason that he is being invalided out of the service, and he departs to-morrow by the Blue Funnel liner *Antenor*.

In 1902, he became, by examination, a Professional Associate of the Surveyors' Institution, and in 1906, he was elected as a Colonial Fellow thereof. Recently he was appointed Vice-Chairman of the newly-formed Hongkong branch of that body.

Arrival in Colony.

It was in 1903 that Mr. Wright was appointed Assistant Engineer to the Architectural Office of the Public Works Department, and he arrived in Hongkong in July of that year. He has acted in charge of the Architectural Office on several occasions, in which capacity he was engaged in the erection of many Government buildings, including the Law Courts, the Post Office, Harbour Office, Western Market, etc. He first acted in charge of the Buildings Ordinance in 1906, when the disastrous typhoon occurred, and in 1909 he was appointed an authorised architect.

Mr. Wright proceeded to England on leave in 1910, and on his return to the Colony he was appointed Executive Engineer in charge of the Buildings Ordinance Office. Owing to the war and shortage of staff, he was unable to take leave between 1911 and 1921.

Thanks of Government.

He was seconded to Weihaiwei on special service for short periods in 1918 and 1920, and for his work in this connexion he received special thanks from Government. On several occasions, in 1923, 1927 and 1928, he acted as Assistant Director of Public Works for Kowloon. His service with the Government has extended over a period during which the development of the Colony has been most marked, and this fact naturally threw much hard work and responsibility on Mr. Wright, who has proved himself one of the most painstaking and conscientious officers the Government has ever had.

Mr. Wright was made a Justice of the Peace in 1919.

Keen Volunteer.

Apart from his official activities, Mr. Wright has been prominently identified with numerous local movements. In this connexion, particular reference must be made to his work in the Volunteer Corps, which he joined as far back as 1904 and has thus served continuously for 25 years. He was a member of the contingent which visited England for the Coronation of King George, and he has the distinction of having held commissions in three Corps—the Volunteer Corps, the Defence Corps, and the Volunteer Defence Corps. On the disbandment of the Defence Corps, he received special thanks for his services as Captain of the Machine Gun Company, this being gazetted.

Masonic Work.

Mr. Wright has also been a very keen Mason. He held the Master's Chair of the Victoria Lodge in 1916-1917, and the First Principal's Chair in the Cathay Royal Arch Chapter in 1922. In addition, he has held various high offices in the District Grand Lodge, including that of Registrar, Director of Ceremonies, etc., and Treasurer of the District Grand Chapter. He is still an active member of Victoria Lodge, holding the office of Treasurer.

In 1910, Mr. Wright was married to the daughter of Lieut-Col. Chapman, V.D., of Blue Bungalow, and at present Mrs. Wright with two grown-up sons and two daughters, are in England. Mrs. Wright will also be greatly missed amongst a large circle of friends, for not only has she been very popular in social circles, but has also taken a keen interest in work in connexion with St. John's Cathedral and other institutions.

This morning, there was an informal presentation ceremony to Mr. Wright from old friends in the P.W.D., whilst previously he had been given a magnificent silver salver from the staff of the Building Ordinance Office.

When Mr. Wright leaves to-mor-

"RAT" BOATS AND OPIUM.

HOW PREVENTIVE WORK IS MADE DIFFICULT.

HONGKONG PROBLEM.

The manner in which small boats, pretending to be fishing craft, are used in connexion with opium smuggling, is indicated in the annual report of the Superintendent of Imports and Exports, just issued.

In the course of his report, Mr. J. D. Lloyd says:—The control of small craft of under 100 piculs capacity, frequenting the various harbours of the Colony gave serious trouble during the year; 41 such craft were seized by this Department and seven by the police for carrying contraband. Until some method of stricter control has been devised, the smuggling of opium, liquor, tobacco and arms will flourish.

It is probable that most of the illicit opium sold in this Colony is kept on small craft in the harbour in quantities never more than a few hundred taels at any one time, and conveyed ashore by boat women concealed on their persons, a few taels at a time, being taken direct to the purchasers ashore. Such women are exempt from search unless they meet a female Chinese Revenue Officer, of whom only a few can be employed.

Many of such craft bear the significant nickname "Rat" boats in Chinese, a meaning indicating that they are the homes of "water rats," many of them appear to have no economic reason for existence, they pretend to be fishing boats, but fishing tackle is rarely found on the boats searched on suspicion, and they are too small and slow to be used for carrying passengers.

The existence of over 12,000 of this type of craft makes preventive work almost impossible in the Colony.

So-called fishing junks of about 80 piculs capacity, manned by two adults and a boy, have been extensively used to smuggle Spirits of Wine and Chinese spirits from Macao. They rarely make any report to the Clearance Offices at either port in some cases they have no license whatever. These craft have a flush deck, with the hold divided into four or more watertight compartments, and make the run from Macao so as to arrive here during the hours of darkness. Aberdeen and Shaukiwan are the harbours most favoured by them, while some have been captured in Kap Shui Mun, Tsim Wan, and Ching Jai bays.

OPIUM POSSESSION CASES.

SEVERAL BEFORE COURT THIS MORNING.

SMALL BOY INVOLVED.

Revenue Officers seized 190 taels of raw opium from a Chinese who arrived here yesterday on the Menado Maru. The smuggler was charged before Mr. E. W. Hamilton, at the Central Police Court this morning, and fined \$4,700 with the alternative of undergoing a year's hard labour.

Another man who was arrested while riding in a ricksha at West Point, was fined \$1,000, or six months' hard labour, for the possession of 20 taels of contraband drug which was found tied around his waist with a strip of cloth.

A little boy who was detained on the Central waterfront subsequent to the discovery of 20 taels of prepared opium, promptly pointed out a young Chinese to the Revenue Officers as being the individual who had engaged him to carry the opium, after giving him to understand that the parcel contained only copper cents. This latter was arrested and upon claiming the opium to be his, was fined \$2,400 or 10 months' hard labour.

The Magistrate asked R. O. Grimmitt if any relatives of the boy were present in Court, and the officer pointed to a number of women seated in the rear of the Court, who appeared to be much concerned over the fate of the boy, for they were all weeping.

"Bring up the mother," instructed Mr. Hamilton, and when the woman came forward, his Worship said:—"Take the boy home and give him a good whipping. He will be sent to Gaol if he comes up here again."

Now, he will take with him the sincere wishes of his many friends for a happy retirement in the Old Country, accompanied by greatly improved health and many years of life amongst his kith and kin.

HOMUNTIN FLUSH SYSTEM.

PROVISION SAID TO BE AN URGENT NECESSITY.

COUNCIL QUESTIONS.

The Hon. Mr. J. P. Braga is to attend the following questions at Thursday's meeting of the Legislative Council:

1. Regarding a petition to Government from residents of the Homuntin district for a water-carriage system, and the reply, dated 3rd August, with reference thereto, from the Honourable the Director of Public Works that, in view of the very heavy expense involved, he was not prepared to make recommendations to Government at the present time, will the Director of Public Works state what is the estimate of cost for laying a suitable and new drainage system with an outfall clear of the Harbour of Refuge?

2. Will the Director of Public Works kindly consider the feasibility of an alternative scheme whereby sewer connexions may be established from Homuntin down Argyle Street continuing thence down one of the new streets ultimately to link up with the existing sewer? A Prince Edward Road, thus avoiding the undesirable carrying sewage emptying into the Typhoon Refuge?

3. Failing the feasibility of a system such as that outlined in the second question, will the Director of Public Works suggest any other scheme whereby residents of the Homuntin district may obtain a water-carriage system that must ultimately become an imperative necessity from a public health point of view, on account of the steady growth of the Homuntin District?

Marshals Fung Yu-hsiang and Yen Hsi-shan would not travel abroad, said Marshal Chiang, until after the disbandment of troops had been completed. —Canton News Agency.

BRITAIN EATS MORE BACON.

STRIKING INCREASE IN POST-WAR YEARS.

Montreal, July 31. Canadian meat-packers are puzzled by the huge increase of bacon imports into Great Britain since the war. Their interest is the greater because British taste seems to prefer Danish bacon to Canadian. A circular letter of the Industrial and Development Council of Canadian Meat Packers points out that though since 1923 there has been a marked industrial depression in Great Britain, it is precisely in this period that the greatest increase is recorded in the importation of this high priced food, which finds its market especially among the working people.

The total importation of bacon annually into Great Britain in the last 10 years' states the circular, has steadily risen from less than five million hundredweights in 1913 to almost nine million hundredweights (a billion pounds) in 1928. Whatever the cause, Canada has not succeeded in maintaining the stronghold on the British bacon market secured during the war.

"Our total exports of bacon to Great Britain in 1928 were only one-seventh of what we sent in 1919, and less than one-fourth of what we sent us recently as 1925. Last year's

supply to the British market was considerably less than our annual average of 400,000 hundredweights in the period 1905-50.

Danish exports in 1921 were just under two million hundredweights, and rose to over 5½ million hundredweights in 1928.



"—and the waistline, Mr. Smith, what shall we say about that?"

CHINA PROBLEMS DISCUSSED.

CHIANG KAI-SHEK HAS TALK WITH PRESSMEN.

THE SOVIET CRISIS.

Canton, Sept. 2. According to a special cable from Shanghai, dated Saturday, Marshal Chiang Kai-shek gave an interview at the Shanghai Defence Commission's Office to the Chinese Press. A number of questions were asked and answered.

In regard to the Sino-Russian affair, Marshal Chiang said the Central Government had adopted two courses—to protect the interests of the country and to safeguard the world's peace. From the very beginning of the present dispute, China had steadfastly followed this line of action and would not give way on any account.

The disbandment of troops which will be completed within two months, would be carried out simultaneously throughout the country, said Marshal Chiang.

The Government would launch a domestic loan of \$25,000,000 for the disbandment of troops, part of which sum would be used to pay up arrears. The separation of military from civil affairs would prevent military men from doing out civil posts or civil officials holding military posts.

The Press' representatives were asked not to publish anti-Government articles by reactionaries seeking to spread false rumours. Marshal Chiang added that inasmuch as the position of the Central Government is firm and sound, there is no apprehension felt on account of the reactionaries.

Marshals Fung Yu-hsiang and Yen Hsi-shan would not travel abroad, said Marshal Chiang, until after the disbandment of troops had been completed. —Canton News Agency.

BUDGET ESTIMATES.

(Continued from Page 1.)

in respect of this work an advance from the surplus balances of the Colony of the sum of \$76,114.17 in the financial year 1928, of the sum of \$466,000.00 in the financial year 1929, and of the sum of \$249,500.00 in the financial year 1930 of which sums \$297,000.00 is due to be recovered from His Majesty's Government and the balance shall be met from a future loan.

Aberdeen Water.

The Colonial Secretary will also move:

"That with reference to the resolution passed on the 2nd May, 1929, this Council approves the expenditure of a sum of \$1,000,000

during the financial year 1930 on the Aberdeen Water Scheme, the cost to be met from a future loan, and meanwhile to be charged as an advance from the surplus balances of the Colony."

During the absence of the Chairman, consisting of General Teng Yin-wa, the Commissioner of Public Reconstruction; Mr. Fan Kee-no, the Commissioner of Finance; Minister and Madame Chu Chung-nien, High Adviser to the Government of Kwangtung, Mr. Chan Yat-sun, editor of the *Canton Gazette*, will leave to-day by the gunboat Chung Shan for Hongkong, where they will tranship to the President Pierre to-morrow morning for Shanghai.

Mr. Chan Yat-sun, who was invited to fly in one of the planes

leaving for the North, had to cancel his aerial journey to join the party.

General Chan's Party.

The five planes were then lined up preparatory for the flight. Up to the moment of starting, very few knew that Chairman Chau was making the trip together, which he thought was a significant event for aviation in China. He told the people that the party were coming back to Canton, possibly in a larger number of planes, but he hoped that this trip would arouse the people all over China to the great importance of aviation, which, with their co-operation and that of the Central Government, could be expanded to unlimited possibilities.

Then followed the presentation of a new embroidered colours to General Chang and the proceedings concluded with the shouting of aviation slogans.

Surprise for Spectators.

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Those assembled were certainly taken by surprise when they saw the Chairman get into the cockpit with General Chang Wai-chang behind him on the "Peng Yu" which rose at 2.30, amidst wild shouting from the spectators.

The other planes followed up immediately, one after the other.

The machines first circled over the city and then headed in a north-easterly direction.

General Chan's Party.

Chairman Chau Ming-shu's party, consisting of General Teng Yin-wa, the Commissioner of Public Reconstruction; Mr. Fan Kee-no, the Commissioner of Finance; Minister and Madame Chu Chung-nien, High Adviser to the Government of Kwangtung, Mr. Chan Yat-sun, editor of the *Canton Gazette*, will leave to-day by the gunboat Chung Shan for Hongkong, where they will tranship to the President Pierre to-morrow morning for Shanghai.

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Acting Officials.

During the absence of the Chairman and his party from Canton, Mr. Hu Sing-ching will be the acting Chairman of the Provincial Government; Mr. Wong Yuen-pang, the Acting Commissioner of the Bureau of Public Reconstruction; and Mr. Wong Kien-chun, the Commissioner of Finance.

—Canton News Agency.

CANTON PLANES DEPART.

FIVE HOP OFF ON TRIP TO SHANGHAI.

GEN. CHAN ON BOARD.

Canton, Sept. 2. Due to a sudden change of programme, Chairman General Chan Ming-shu left this morning at 8.30 on the "Peng Yu" plane, piloted by General Chang Wai-chang, for Nanking via Amoy and Shanghai. Four other planes, namely, the "Nam Hai," "Tol Shan," "Chung Shan" and "Dung Yuen," followed the leading plane. The departing planes were escorted by four other machines for a short distance.

About five thousand people assembled at the Tai Sha-tao Aerodrome to give the Cantonese fliers an enthusiastic send-off. Speeches were made by the Commander-in-Chief, General Chan Chai-tong, Chairman General Chan Ming-shu, Mr. Lam Yick-Chang, the Chief of the Provincial Kuomintang, and General Chang Wai-chang.

The Chairman's address was very brief. He said the whole of Canton united in wishing General Chan Wai-chang and his companions success in their new field of activities, and that the country looked to them to take the lead in the expansion of aviation in China.

The future of Aviation.

General Chang Wai-chang thanked the assembly for coming to see him and his colleagues off, remarking that last year the flight to the North was made by two machines, going at different times, but on this occasion five planes were making the trip together, which he thought was a significant event for aviation in China. He told the people that the party were coming back to Canton, possibly in a larger number of planes, but he hoped that this trip would arouse the people all over China to the great importance of aviation, which, with their co-operation and that of the Central Government, could be expanded to unlimited possibilities.

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General Chan's Party.

ONE THIRD OFF SUMMER UNDERWEAR THIS WEEK!



AT THE END OF THE SEASON
WE FIND OURSELVES TOO
HEAVILY STOCKED WITH
FOUR MAKES OF OUR
SUMMER UNDERWEAR.
A DISCOUNT OF 33 1/3% IS BEING
ALLOWED OFF THESE FROM
TO-DAY UNTIL SEPT. 7th.

SLEEVELESS VESTS \$1.50
NO BUTTONS, KNITTED COTTON.
USUALLY \$2.25

MORLEY'S LISLE VESTS \$1.80
PULLOVER OR BUTTON FRONT.
USUALLY \$2.75

AERTEX, QUALITY 932 \$2.50
THREE STYLES OF VESTS, DRAWERS.
USUALLY \$3.75

SUPERFINE BOMBAX \$3.50
BUTTONED OR PULLOVER STYLES.
USUALLY \$5.25

Mackintosh's

**IS IT
REALLY RUNNING?**
That's the question
every woman asks the first
time she sees the
New Silent Kelvinator

SO SILENT is the new 1929 Kelvinator that even when standing close by, you cannot detect whether the mechanism is running. Scores of women who have inspected the new unit are delighted with its smooth, silent performance.

Call and make the test yourself. Then note the other advanced features of the New Silent Kelvinator, including the new flexible rubber tray for instant removal of ice cubes, automatic cold-keeper and artistic, sturdy cabinet.

THE RELIABLE KELVINATOR

Agents—REISS, MASSEY & Co., Ltd.
EXCHANGE BUILDING. Tel. C. 673.

Now Being Exhibited at—

WHITEAWAY, LAIDLAW & CO., LTD.
FURNISHING DEPARTMENT.
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SHOWROOM.

HOME LEAVE

FULL PROTECTION
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WHEN TRAVELLING
MAY BE OBTAINED
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**BAGGAGE INSURANCE
&
PERSONAL ACCIDENT**
POLICY
ISSUED BY

CHINA UNDERWRITERS LTD.

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E. HING & CO.
SHIPBUILDING MATERIALS, SHIP CHANDLERS
HARDWARE MERCHANTS.
PHONE:—CENTRAL No. 1116. Wing Woo Street
Tel. Central 25.

KAI TACK STONE DAMAGE.

REGARDED BY P.W.D. AS
MALICIOUS.

OFFENDERS FINED.

The two stone-breakers who were remanded from yesterday on charges of causing damage to coping stones at the Kai Tack Airport, were each fined \$25 on their appearance before Mr. T. S. Wythe Smith at the Kowloon Magistracy this morning.

Sergeant Armit, who represented the police, informed his Worship that Mr. H. S. Rouse had been consulted and he was of the opinion that the defendants had acted with malice. The stones had been lying on the ground for two years and just when the authorities were about to use them, they discovered that they had been damaged.

In reply to his Worship, Mr. J. A. Howe said he had communicated with the Sang Lee Contractors and was told that the defendants were not their employees.

Mr. Howe mentioned that the defendants had showed much skill in chipping the stones. They had not confined the breaking to a few blocks of granite, but had chipped off the edges of 103 of them. It was explained that it was easier to chip off the edges. He thought it was wilful damage for gain.

His Worship agreed that the damage was wilful, but said the question was whether it was malicious.

"I don't know if it is very necessary to draw a very fine distinction," added his Worship, who intimated that if the case was proved it would practically amount to a guilty plea.

Evidence was given by a Chinese foreman, who stated that when the men were seen chipping they attempted to run away, but were chased and arrested.

After pointing out to the defendants that their attempt to escape was the strongest evidence against them, his Worship registered a conviction and imposed a fine of \$25 each. It was probably not as much their fault as the contractors who purchased the stones from them, but, owing to the heavy damage, his Worship remarked that he had to impose a heavy fine.

WATER POLO.

FURTHER PROGRESS IN THE LOCAL TOURNAMENT.

Two further water polo matches were played at the V.R.C. yesterday evening when Kowloon "A" trounced the Chinese "A" to the tune of six goals to nothing, four of which were scored by Simpson; while the Somerton Light Infantry defeated Kowloon "B" by three goals to nil.

In the first half of the latter match, which was played first, Mackenzie got through for the soldiers, and the same player added a second before the interval. On the resumption Mackenzie added a third, without reply from Kowloon.

In the "A" game Kowloon were much the better team of the two, and it was not long before Simpson netted. This was followed by a second point from Goldman and a third from Kerr without reply, before the whistle blew for half time. On the re-start Simpson scored a fourth goal, and finished the game off by netting another two.

LEAGUE TENNIS.

K.C.C. BEAT CRAIGENGOWER IN THE "A" DIVISION.

Kowloon C.C. and Craigengower played their last match in the "A" division of the lawn tennis league last evening at Happy Valley, the K.C.C. winning by six sets to three. Scores: E. C. Fincher and E. F. Fincher (K.C.C.) beat G. Bodiford and H. D. Rumjahn 6-4, beat A. B. Hanson and Y. Hachiuma 6-2, beat Leonard and O. Ismail 6-3.

S. E. Green and F. Gross (K.C.C.) lost to Bodiford and Rumjahn 4-6, beat Hanson and Hachiuma 6-4, lost to Leonard and Ismail 4-6.

A. E. Guest and G. E. Millard (K.C.C.) lost to Bodiford and Rumjahn 4-6, beat Hanson and Hachiuma 6-3, beat Leonard and Ismail 6-1.

FOOTBALL REFEREES' MEETING.

The annual general meeting of the Hongkong Football Referees' Association, will be held in the Hongkong Football Association Council Office 4th floor, French Bank Building, Queen's Road Central, on Monday, 9th September, 1929, at 5.30 p.m.

The agenda will include the presentation of the annual report and balance sheet, and the election of officers.

Stoke Newington Electricity Committee proposes to reduce the power scale to 1½d. a unit (d. after the first 10,000), and to abolish meter rents.

BLERIOT ON FUTURE OF AIRWAYS.

VAST SAFETY BOATS TO FLY ATLANTIC.

London, July 30. M. Louis Bleriot, yesterday flew from Calais to lecture to the Royal Aeronautical Society, at the Royal Society of Arts, Adelphi, last night, on the development of aviation.

He said that in future he believed that a very great proportion of the world's airways would be served by land machines.

"I believe (he continued) that five or ten years hence aerial communication between Europe and America will be operated regularly by means of floating islands, and they will be operated, very likely by land machines."

Anchored by Motive Power.

These islands might have to be kept in position by motive power installed in them, because it would be difficult to anchor them in the Atlantic.

He thought there might be between Britain and America six or seven islands.

"I believe," added M. Bleriot, "that the future Transatlantic machines will consist of two great wings carrying what is virtually a safety boat, so that if it has to come down on the ocean it can throw away the wings and act as an ordinary lifeboat."

"That boat will have to be completely closed in and unsinkable. There will be some automatic device for detaching the wings immediately the boat touches the water."

LADY DORIA HOPE.

DUKE'S DAUGHTER IN BUSINESS LIFE.

Paris, Aug. 1. Lady Doria Hope, the beautiful daughter of the Duke of Newcastle, who created a sensation in New York when she was discovered behind a counter as a work-girl in a big store in Fifth-avenue, has now joined the "New Sporting Kit Co." in Paris.

Lady Doria, interviewed by the Central News, denied stories published abroad that she was married to a British aristocrat.

"I am not even engaged to be married," she said. "I returned from New York in February, and came to Paris a week ago."

Lady Doria stated that she had joined the sporting kit firm as a director. It is a British firm.

"I do not know whether Lady Doria Hope has joined the 'New Sporting Kit Company' in Paris," the Duke of Newcastle said to a *Daily Chronicle* representative last night.

"I have heard nothing of the matter; but if there is anything of the sort doing I shall hear in due course."

"I know that Lady Doria Hope is in Paris."

Lady Doria is in her 21st year.

WONDER PLANES ENTHRAL PRINCE.

WHY OLYMPIA OPENING WAS DELAYED.

The interest the Prince of Wales takes in aviation was never shown more clearly than during his inspection of the wonderful exhibits at the Aero Exhibition at Olympia.

He arrived at noon to tour the show and then to attend at 1 p.m. a luncheon at which he was to declare the exhibition open.

One o'clock came, but the Prince ignored the clock and still made his way from stand to stand for half an hour. At luncheon he apologized laughingly. "You should not have made your show so interesting," he said.

Famous designers, constructors and pilots who greeted the Prince were impressed by the way he grasped at once the problems of aviation.

Biplane v. Monoplane.

One question which interested him keenly is whether the biplane or the monoplane will be the aircraft of the future. This he discussed with one expert after another.

An exhibit which drew his special attention was the hull of the 40-seater passenger air liner which the Handley Page Company is building for Imperial Airways. He made his way into the luxuriously appointed cabin, noting every detail.

Then he entered into eager conversation with Mr. Handley Page. "How many of these are you building?" he asked. Mr. Handley Page told him that a fleet of these aircrafts is to be produced for use on the main Empire aerial routes, and that each machine will be driven by as many as four engines, developing a total of 2,000 h.p.

Then the Prince passed on to the new Nile flying boat, built by the Blackburn Company for use on the air line between England and Africa, which is to be opened next year. He climbed into the close-windowed cockpit and asked many questions as to its method of control.

Before many famous aircraft he stood with admiration. Poised high above the stand of the Fairey Company was the great monoplane which recently flew non-stop from England to India, and which is shortly to make another attempt to establish a world's long-distance record.

Another history-making craft which the Prince viewed was Super-Marine Napier seaplane in which Flight-Lieut. D'Arcy Greig flew at 319½ miles an hour.

"Ah!" he exclaimed a moment later. "Why, there is the machine that I fly in," and he walked up to one of the Wapiti biplanes of the Air Ministry communications squadron. It is a Wapiti piloted by Squadron-Leader Don, that the Prince has fulfilled some of his long-distance engagements.

The Prince is following with particular attention the develop-

JACOB EPSTEIN.

REPORT TO AN ATTACK BY AN ARCHBISHOP.

"It would be calamitous if in an attempt to express the 20th century spirit you merely achieved something Epsteinish."

These words, said to have been spoken by Archbishop Downey, in discussing his plans for a great new Roman Catholic cathedral at Liverpool, has been strongly criticized by Mr. Epstein, the famous sculptor. "Archbishop Downey says that he does not want a weak copy of thirteenth-century architecture, but something that will express the spirit of the age," said the noted sculptor.

"Where, then, can he go but to the school of sculptors of which I am a representative? Where but to Epstein, the Jew?"

"The Only School."

"I do not suggest that I am the only sculptor who can interpret the spirit of the age, but I belong to the only school to-day which is able to express the modern spirit."

"I belong to a body of sculptors which is able to express what Archbishop Downey declares he wants, an interpretation of the 20th century spirit. But he looks at us disdainfully."

"The Catholic Church employed Michael Angelo, Raphael, and other great artists of their day."

Mr. Epstein was asked if he, as a Jew, would have any objection to working on sculpture for a Christian church.

"Certainly not," he said warmly, "I should be glad of the opportunity to do so. I have done a Christ and a Madonna."

"I have my own views of Christianity. Perhaps I can express modern Christianity as well as or better than any sculptor."

"I realize that Archbishop Downey, in speaking of 'something Epsteinish,' was thinking not of my faith, but of my work. If he really wants something that is to be an expression of the period he should seek out the sculptors of the school to which I belong."

ment of small, cheap, and safe machines for popular use. He lingered for a long time before many light aeroplanes.

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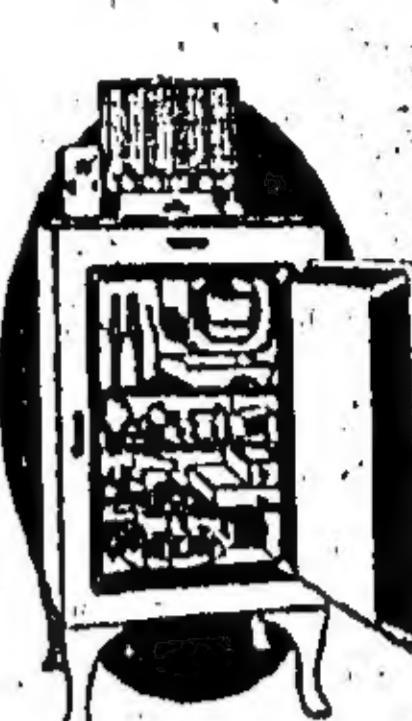
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NEW SERIAL.

HIGH FLIGHT.

By Ruth Dewey Groves.

CHAPTER XXX.

Jerry leaped from her chair beside Mrs. Starr's bed and stood in an uncertain attitude. Of course, she thought, Alester had assumed that she would come here without him. No, he had discovered that she'd asked Dan! Now there would be another scene possibly. She shrank from the thought of it.

"Where is he?" she asked Evelyn.

"I told him to join the other guests and I'd let you know that he was here," Evelyn replied. "I suppose he's in the living room. It wasn't very polite of me to leave him like that but I'm upset and . . ."

"Was he . . . excited?" Jerry inquired, moving toward the door.

"I didn't notice . . . yes, I think he was. Remember, I've only met him a few times. I can't say if it was my imagination or not but I rather think he looked different to-night."

"I'll not," Jerry delighted him by saying. "No one can dictate to me."

"I'm glad to hear you say that," Dan assured her, "because I don't want Alester to take you to Leontine Lebady's again, and he is the type to try to dictate his own wishes in the matter."

Jerry wondered why he brought up Leontine's name. But Dan could not say any more. He hoped she would guess that Alester's mother had not figured in his plans for the evening as he had said and that it was Leontine who had enticed him into an engagement.

"Is Dan Harvey here?" he asked thoughtfully.

Jerry gasped. "What's the matter?" she countered in alarm.

"I went to his room and found your note in his drawer," Alester replied angrily.

"You read it?" Jerry could not restrain herself from saying in surprise.

"Certainly," Alester admitted readily, "when I recognized your handwriting. Dan was laying face upward. Will you tell me what you wanted with him at seven o'clock?"

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"Well, you needn't bother," Alester retorted. "You wanted to hear from him after I telephoned you."

"That's right," Jerry agreed. "Evelyn had asked me to bring someone else if you couldn't come. There's nothing for you to get mad about over that, is there?"

"I won't have Dan Harvey taking you out," Alester declared warmly. "You could have come up here alone. And one thing is certain. I'm going to take you home."

Jerry lost her temper then. "No, you're not," she said. "I didn't let him take me home from Leontine's party, and anyway I'd like to know how you could come here when you told me your mother wanted you at home tonight." She added irrelevantly.

At least it seemed irrelevant to Dan, but Jerry had suddenly thought of a letter she'd had from home that day. Her mother had told her neighbours about Jerry's going on the stage and their comments had been a sermon on the evils of theatrical life.

Suppose he should want to marry Jerry! The idea of Jerry embracing marriage with a philanderer such as Alester made him shudder; not merely because he loved her himself but because he knew how a man like Alester could make a proud woman suffer.

"I've told him I won't go there any more," Jerry said in answer to his reference to Leontine's inn.

"These people who think that every girl of to-day is crazy for gin and jazz make me tired," she added irrelevantly.

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"You can't have me fired," she defied him. "Mr. Hale wouldn't stand for it. I've made good with him and that's all he asks. Mr. Weinert doesn't dare go over his head."

Alester smiled at her.

"Pretty clever, Jerry," he said admiringly. Her unexpected opposition to him had cooled his temper a trifle. It also served to remind him that Jerry was a stubborn little creature who couldn't be driven.

Just then Dan appeared down the hall, at the kitchen door. He saw Jerry and Alester and came toward them.

"Hello," he said, "I thought you were at . . . there he is." He added, and the anxious expression on Alester's face gave way to one of relief.

"I've come to take Miss Ray home," he said curtly.

Dan turned to Jerry. She looked at Alester.

"I'm going home with Dan," she said determinedly.

"Very well," Alester answered coldly. "Then I will not see you to-morrow. Please say good night to Miss Starr for me," he added, after turning on his heels, and was gone.

Jerry watched him go with a sinking heart. Surely he would not come back this time. And he'd been

acting differently lately; she'd thought at times that his infatuation was ripening into real love . . . real love!

She smiled bitterly. It wasn't the men who trapped themselves that way. It was the women.

"I've been talking with Mr. Thane," Dan said, breaking into her thoughts. "Miss Starr seems to have convinced him that you're not the sort of girl he hates you. If you like he will apologize to you, but I think we'd better dispense with that, Jerry, and be getting along. Someone told me that you're driving with Alester to Atlantic City to-morrow and I suppose you will want to make an early start."

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MUI TSAI CASE.

DEFENCE PLEADS CHILD WAS ADOPTED.

A case brought under the Female Domestic Service Ordinance, which under Section 4, prohibits the employment of *mui tsai* came before Mr. T. M. Hazlerig at the Central Police Court yesterday afternoon.

The defendants were:

Wong Yueng-shi, of No. 49, Elgin Street, who was charged with taking into her employment a 7-year-old girl as a *mui tsai*.

Wong Kin-kai, her son, who is charged with assaulting the girl, and

Li Wong-shi, a married woman, who is charged with taking the girl into her employment and with transferring her to the other woman, Wong Yueng-shi.

Mr. Hin-shing Lo appeared for the first and second accused, while Li Wong-shi was represented by Mr. A. E. Hall.

The first witness called was Dr. T. Ware, of the Government Civil Hospital who testified to the results of an examination he made of the girl upon her being sent to him by the Secretariat for Chinese Affairs, on August 20.

Injuries Described.

Witness said he discovered a bruise on the right eye, which caused haemorrhage to escape into the tissue of that organ. He also discovered other injuries to her shoulder and elbow, and gave it as his opinion that the injury to the elbow was caused by a slight kick. The injury to the eye could have been caused by a blunt blow such as that inflicted with the clenched fist.

The girl deposed that her name was Li Nann-sing. She said that she understood she was brought to Hongkong from her native village in the Sun Wu district when only one year old, and sold to the woman Li Wong-shi. She was called upon in later years to do work in the house of a domestic nature. A year ago, she left and went to live with the Wong family.

On August 18 last, she was sent out to look for a nephew of the family, and proceeded to No. 8, Tung Street. While there, with nobody about to observe what she was doing, she stole \$6.50 which was left lying about in a room. She had succeeded in spending half-a-dollar on eatables before she was taxed with the theft by an amah and the remainder of the money taken from her.

She was not beaten for the theft, but later, as a knock came at the door, and she opened it, she received a kick from the young man, Wong Kin-kai, who appeared to be angry because she had not opened the door wide enough for him to enter. After that she was beaten a number of times, and thought she must run away. This she did, and went to Yaumati, where, on meeting a woman at a stall, she told her story, and the woman took her to the Police Station.

Mr. Hin-shing Lo, cross-examining, handed in a large pile of clothing, which he submitted, testified to the fact that the girl was well-clothed and even well-treated. With regard to documents handed in by the police showing that the proper procedure

KOWLOON LADY INJURED.

(Continued from Page 2.)

and Mr. Bennett suggested that their evidence was not the most probable account of what had occurred than the case for the defence.

"No Explanation."

Mr. Bennett said that he was not suggesting for one moment that Mr. Robinson was not telling the truth exactly what he thought happened. He suggested that it was quite possible that Mr. Robinson, sitting as he was in a rickshaw, on a dark night when it was raining, might not possibly have seen all that the driver saw. At the same time his view might have been obscured.

Mr. Bennett pointed out that taking Mr. Robinson's story as being absolutely what he saw, there was no explanation whatever as to why the driver should have suddenly driven, as it were, off the road. There was no evidence that he was interfered with in any way. There was no other traffic; the rickshas were well out of the way. It was either a piece of gross stupidity or culpable negligence if the driver had done what Mr. Robinson had suggested he had done.

In reply to his Worship, Sub-Inspector McWalter said that he had nothing to say.

His Worship said that he had no hesitation in convicting the driver of negligent driving. He believed Mr. Robinson when he said that the driver swerved. Mr. Bennett pointed out that Mr. Robinson gave no explanation why the driver had swerved, but believing Mr. Robinson's evidence that the driver had swerved his Worship held that the man was on the defence to show why the bus had swerved, but there had been no reasonable explanation given. The driver said that he had been surprised to some extent by the rickshaw puller, his Worship would still hold he was driving negligently. He must have been driving very close to the rickshas, to have run into them at a slightly unexpected movement.

Continuing, his Worship pointed out that the rickshas were close to the side of the road, and the driver had plenty of room in which to pass them.

His Worship commented that he was surprised to hear the rickshaw puller say he had always gone down the rough, because everybody knew rickshas did not always drive down the rough.

The defendant was fined \$35.

had been followed when the girl was bought by the woman Li Wong-shi; Mr. Lo said they went to prove that, far from being relegated to the position of a *mui tsai*, the girl had been bought as an adopted daughter and treated as such, that on account of the antipathy shown by a daughter-in-law, the woman Li Wong-shi had arranged with the Wong family to let the girl stay with them for the time being. The case was adjourned until Saturday morning.

A VIOLIN PRODIGY.

CHINESE YOUTH WHO TOOK FRANCE BY STORM.

A recent arrival in Hongkong is Sitson Ma, a young Chinese lad just in his teens, who is a graduate of several conservatories of music in France. Sitson Ma was born in the Province of Kwangtung. After a few years' schooling, at which time he had only a superficial knowledge of western music, he left for France in 1922. His sole ambition being to join a French Conservatory. Owing to his lack of knowledge of the French language, he had to spend two years at it, after which he was able to enter the Conservatoire National de Musique et de Declamation de Nancy, where he took up serious study of the violin.

His ability was so great however, he being the most promising of his class-mates, that within a year he graduated with flying honours. He was acclaimed by the Professors of music in Paris as "China's gifted violin prodigy." He then studied for some time under Professor Oberdoerffer, one of the foremost violin teachers in France.

In 1926, at a competitive entrance examination held by the world famous Conservatoire National de Musique et de Declamation de Paris, 400 candidates including Ma sat for the examination conducted by eminent French Professors. Only the first nine successful candidates qualified for admission, eight of whom were Frenchmen, and Ma the only Chinese who had ever gained such a distinction since the history of the Conservatory.

Three years later he graduated with honours. About a year after his graduation, Ma was selected with other promising students throughout France to give a violin recital at the Salle Chopin Concert Hall of Paris. Ma, who was the youngest of the artists, excelled himself, and the repeated applause and encore accorded him were sufficient testimony of his ability. Professor Boucherit who undertook the task of polishing him up for his debut, remarked how exceedingly pleased he was to own such a brilliant pupil whose flawless technique and wonderful touch held his audience in genuine admiration.

Mr. Ma will soon proceed again to Europe to take up further advanced violin studies in other large Conservatories. He will therefore be able to give only one recital in Hongkong at the Chinese Y.M.C.A., 71 Bridges Street, on September 7 at 8 p.m. The entire proceeds will be donated to the North China Famine Relief Funds. Admission will be one dollar. Tickets are for sale at the China Sports Co., 16 D'Aguilar Street.

LETTER GOLF SOLUTION.

Here is the solution to the puzzle on another page.

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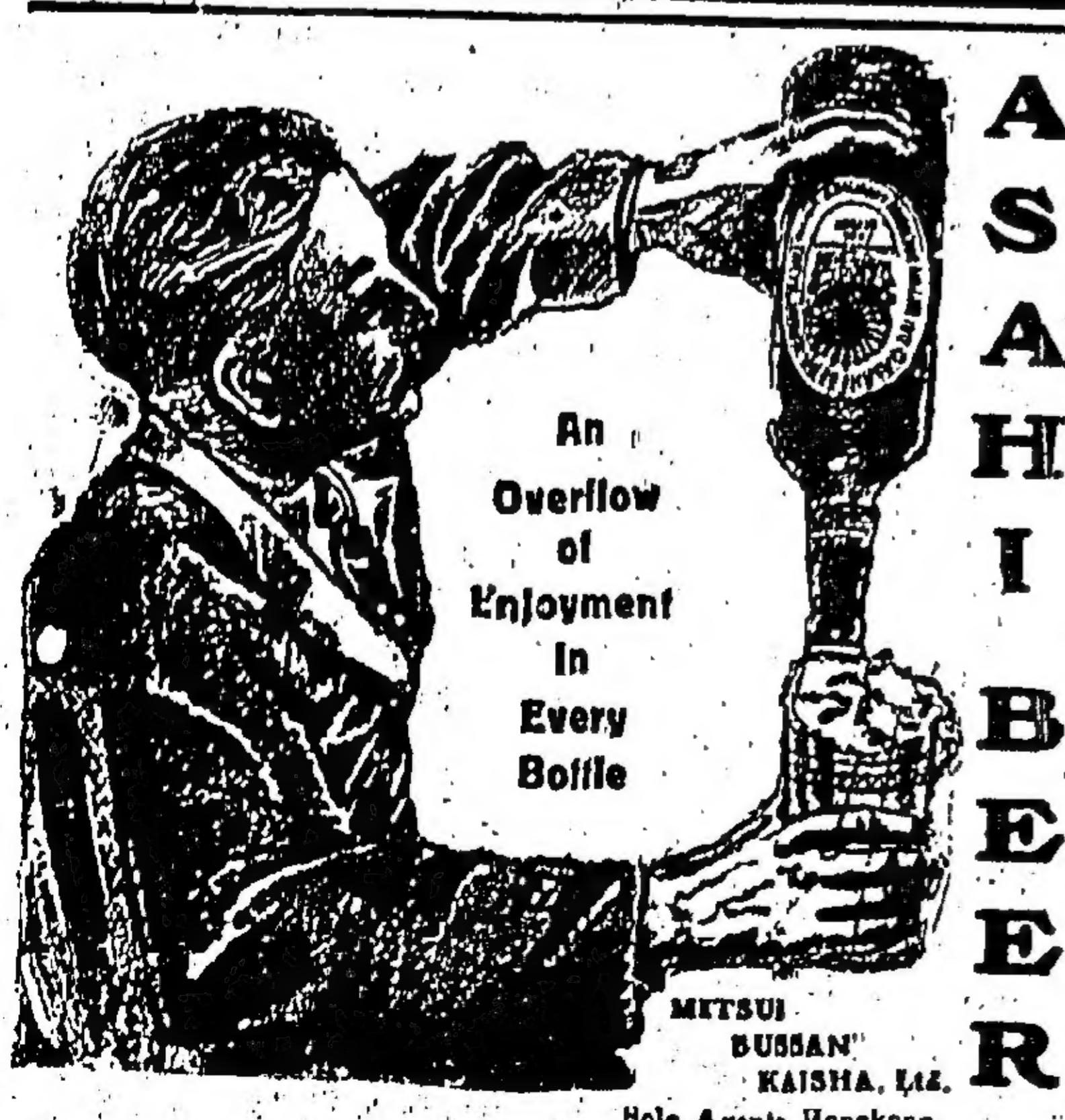
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GRAVE THREAT TO
BARRAGE.

CATASTROPHE FEARED IN
NORTH INDIA.

THE FLOOD DANGERS.

Hyderabad, Sept. 2.
The prodigious efforts of over a hundred thousand workers are being devoted to the strengthening of the vital points along the Bund in preparation for the flood which is expected to reach Sukkur from the north to-night.

It has been sweeping through the country, following torrential rains in the North-West, and the authorities have again warned all concerned to evacuate the districts likely to be affected.

The second warning is in consequence of the grave apprehension felt regarding the barrage works at Sukkur. It is feared that if the level of the river at Sukkur exceeds eighteen feet, the Sukkur barrage works will be seriously endangered.

Should anything in the nature of severe damage occur there, vast tracts of northern and southern Hyderabad, the Nara Valley and the Fuleli and Kanchi districts will probably be catastrophically submerged.

The hopeful factor is that the level of the river at Sukkur, though sixteen and a half feet this morning, shows no signs of rising appreciably at the moment.—*Reuter*.

THE R.A.F. ACTIVE
IN PALESTINE.ARMED BANDS OF ARABS
CROSSING BORDER.

STERN PUNISHMENT.

London, Sept. 2.
The Colonial Office in its usual evening communiqué regarding the situation in Palestine, states that the country to the north of Safed is inclined to be restless, but in other districts, the situation is generally quiet.

Yesterday demonstration flights were carried out in strength by British aircraft over the north and north-eastern areas of Palestine, where armed bands of Arabs were still reported as crossing the Syrian border.

The proclamation by Sir John Chancellor, the High Commissioner for Palestine, which condemned in the strongest terms the savage attacks of the Arabs and declaring his intention of inflicting stern punishment on those found guilty of acts of violence, was distributed over the Jerusalem area by aircraft.

The following are the total casualties recorded in Palestine from the commencement of the troubles until August 31st:—

Killed.
Moslems 83
Jews 109
Christians 4

Wounded, in Hospital.
Moslems 122
Jews 183
Christians 10
—British Wireless.

CHINESE STATEMENT.

NANKING HAS NOT APPROVED DECLARATION.

Nanking, Sept. 2.
It was declared authoritatively this evening that the alleged modifications made by the Soviet in the joint Sino-Russian declaration have not received the approval of the National Government.

The report that the manager and assistant manager of the Chinese Eastern Railway nominated by the Soviet would be immediately appointed by the railway directorate, is without foundation.

China insists on opening formal negotiations before discussing such appointments.—*Reuter*.

Hostilities Continue.

Mulden, Sept. 2.
An official communiqué states that foreign journalists at Chalanor examined a hilltop there covered with holes made by Russian shells, and report that no "White" Russians were seen anywhere.

The Governor of the province of Kien reports that Tungnien has been retaken by the Chinese, and that Wangnien has been invaded by the "Red" army.—*Reuter*.

FINE GENERALLY.

The Royal Observatory reports that pressure is highest near the Bonins, and a weak anticyclonic area extends westward to the Yangtze Valley. The typhoon is situated within 100 miles E.N.E. of Manila, moving W.N.W. The weather forecast till noon to-morrow is:—N.E. winds, moderate; fine generally.

CHINA MERCHANTS COMPANY.

OFFICIALS DENOUNCED BY
MINISTRIES.

CORRUPT PRACTICES.

Shanghai, Aug. 29.
In the course of a lengthy report to the Administrative Yuan, the Ministers of Communications and Industry, Commerce and Labour strongly criticize what they describe as the very corrupt state of affairs existing in the China Merchants' S. N. Co.

The report says that the multitude of corrupt practices among the employees which took place in the past have not been done away with and the management has taken no steps to improve the situation, or to bring about reforms. Furthermore, there are many superfluous employees for whose upkeep a large sum of money is required, thus increasing the company's expenses.

Though the company has been taken over for more than two years no concrete readjustment schemes have been drawn up or submitted to the Central Government and absolutely nothing has been done to frame such plans.

Repairs of the company's vessels and other properties have not been carried out by means of tenders, with the result that non-authorized persons secure highly important contracts, about the worth of which they know nothing. The special expenses of the company, most of which are quite unnecessary, amounted to more than Tls. 700,000 last year, says the report, and nothing whatever was done to reduce this huge amount.

According to the report, the inefficient management of Mr. Chao Tsch-chiao, the former director-general, was responsible for the wrecking of the company, the sinking of a number of the company's vessels, and the corrupt state of affairs at present existing in the company.

In conclusion, the report suggests the abolition of the post of director-general and the appointment of an able man to take over Mr. Chao's duties so that improvements may be brought about and the company developed in a proper manner.

In this connexion, it is of interest to note that the Minister of Communications, Mr. Wang Pei-chiao, has issued a statement to the Chinese press denying that it is the intention of the Government to amalgamate the China Merchants' S. N. Co. with either the San Peh or Ning-Shen S. N. Companies.

SERIOUS CHARGE.

CASE TO BE HEARD IN
CAMERA.

An Indian, named Gurdi Singh, was brought before Mr. E. W. Hamilton, at the Central Magistracy this morning, to answer a serious charge in regard to a Chinese female named Chau Mei-sau.

In granting a week's formal remand, his Worship intimated that when the case came up again, he would hear the evidence behind closed doors.

Mr. Horace Lo later appeared before his Worship, and after saying that he represented the defendant, asked that bail be granted.

His Worship:—This is a very serious case and I'm not prepared to accept any bail that the defendant could give.

A. S. P. Murphy (who prosecuted):—I oppose bail at the present moment.

Mr. Lo:—I don't know how long the police will take to prepare the case. If Mr. Murphy will say that he will be able to fix the date of hearing after the remand, I don't mind.

A. S. P. Murphy assured Mr. Lo that he would do that, and the latter then left the Court.

A few minutes later, when his Worship was taking the traffic summonses, he saw an Indian walking about in Court.

His Worship:—Who is that fellow?

Inspector Nicol:—He is a money-lender.

His Worship:—Send him out. I won't have him in my Court.

After the Indian had been sent out, his Worship, on second thoughts, asked Inspector Nicol to bring him back to the Court.

When the Indian appeared before him again, his Worship asked:—What's your business in my Court?

The Indian:—I want to see a man.

Who are you?—I'm a money-lender. My name is Sapuran Singh.

If you have business to do, do it outside. If you have money to lend, you must not do so in my Court.—I came up to listen to

COLONY'S WATER
POSITION.TYTAM TUK ONLY TEN FEET
BELOW OVERFLOW.

RAINFALL BENEFITS.

Shanghai, Aug. 29.
The official returns issued by the Water Authority this morning show further steady increases in the quantity of water in storage, in spite of the big advance in the weekly consumption.

Two inches of rain fell in the Tytan catchment area during the week-end, the full effect of which has not yet been felt, but we understand, on good authority, that Tytan Tuk is now only ten feet below overflow, the other reservoirs being full.

The Water Authority's report states:

The total storage in the island reservoirs on the morning of Monday, 2nd September, amounted to 1,873.13 million gallons showing an increase of 89.04 million gallons during the past week; the amount collected from streams being 139.30 million gallons.

The week's consumption amounted to 50.86 million gallons.

The total storage in the mainland reservoirs on the morning of Monday, 2nd September, amounted to 467.96 million gallons showing an increase of 6.65 million gallons during the past week.

The week's consumption amounted to 27.62 million gallons.

The yield from the Shing Mun River and streams during the week is 35.67 million gallons.

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